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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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PRICE ONE CENT.

NIGHT

EDITION
FINANCIAL MARKETS
SPORTS

SOOT HAIRPINS FOR MRS. LEATHE FROM UNDERTAKER

Edwards Testifies Widow Thanked Him for Obtaining Them on Sunday in Chicago.

"BOGUS COUNT" AFFAIR

Witness Says Woman Paid \$500 to "Financier's Friend," Who Was a Dope Fiend.

Mrs. Grace A. Leathe, wife of the late John Leathe, who died June 1, 1913, is the subject of a sensational story which she is now denying. She is the widow of a man who was a well-known financier and a close friend of the late John D. Rockefeller. She is now living in Chicago and is the subject of a sensational story which she is now denying.

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LEAVES \$1000 TO WIFE TO BUY A MEMENTO OF HIM

Edward Baker, Wa'nwright's Brother-in-Law, in Will Requests Her to Give \$100,000 From Her Own Fortune to Daughters.

Edward Baker of 4915 West Pine boulevard, a cotton broker, who died June 1, 1913, is the subject of a sensational story which she is now denying. She is the widow of a man who was a well-known financier and a close friend of the late John D. Rockefeller. She is now living in Chicago and is the subject of a sensational story which she is now denying.

FRANCIS BREAKS STREET CAR DOOR

Former Governor Reported to Have Smashed Glass When He Twice Failed to Get On.

Former Governor David R. Francis, after twice trying to board one of the new-style closed-door street cars, broke the glass door with his cane, according to a story which was current in the downtown district Monday.

COOLS CHURCH WITH ICE

Pastor Puts 500 Pounds in Baptistry; Use 6 Electric Fans.

CENTRALIA, Mo., July 6.—Members of the First Congregational Church cooled Sunday while it was sweltering hot on the outside. The change was accomplished through an idea of the pastor, Charles H. Swift, who had installed 500 pounds of ice in the baptistry and placed six electric fans behind the ice.

WOMEN TEND HOTEL BAR

Two Take Places of Men Out on Strike.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 6.—Two women took the place of striking bartenders at one of the hotels today. The proprietress was the only bartender who had not signed a wage agreement with the union, renegeing the strikers.

CLOUDY TONIGHT AND TOMORROW; RAIN LIKELY

THE TEMPERATURES.

Yesterday's Temperature.

High. 86 at 4 p. m. Low. 73 at 5 a. m.

BULLETS FOUND IN CARMAN HOME SIZE USED IN MURDER

Box of 38-Caliber Cartridges, Discovered in Attic, in Possession of Prosecutor.

MAID FORGETS AT INQUEST

Friend Who Looks Like Dr. Carman Says He Also Was Shot at Last Night.

FREEPORT, N. Y., July 6.—The inquest into the death of Mrs. Louise Bailey, wife of a New York manufacturer, who was shot and killed last Tuesday night while in consultation with Dr. Edwin Carman, a prominent Freeport physician in his office, was resumed today.

Assistant District Attorney Weeks exhibited an unopened box of .38 caliber revolver cartridges, which, he said, he found in the attic of the Carman home. Dr. Carman told him, Weeks said, that he did not know how the cartridges came to be in his house. A .38 caliber bullet killed Mrs. Bailey.

The first witness called today was Celia Coleman, a negro maid in the Carman home. She began her story by telling who was at the dinner table Tuesday night. The witness said Mrs. Carman complained of having a headache and said she was going upstairs. The witness saw her leave the dining room and later heard footsteps she believed were those of Mrs. Carman on the stairs.

She admitted having talked with George Levy, Mrs. Carman's attorney, the morning after the murder. She insisted that no one was present at the conference.

"Do you know what perjury means?" asked the District Attorney.

The witness answered that she did. The District Attorney then asked several times if she had not told him previously that Mrs. Carman was present. The witness said she did not remember. Her memory was faulty regarding these things.

Her memory was faulty regarding the things Levy had talked about, but she was sure Mrs. Carman had never spoken to her about the shooting and that the physician's wife had not asked her about what she had seen the night of the murder.

"What did you change your mind about what you told me Mrs. Carman had told you, and when did you lose your memory? Who told you to change your statement?" asked Mr. Smith.

"Nobody," said the witness. The witness admitted that she had signed a paper for Levy without reading it or having it read to her.

Three of Bailey's Testify.

Mrs. Jennie Dwyer, mother of Mrs. Bailey, said her daughter had been feeling badly and she urged her to go to a doctor. William D. Bailey said his wife had not complained to him of feeling ill and he was not aware she knew of Dr. Carman. Madeline Bailey, a daughter, said her mother had never mentioned Dr. Carman's name to her.

Bride Who Is Guarded in Home Pending Sanity Inquiry



MRS. HELEN MORTON BAILEY.

EXPERT TESTIMONY ETHICS DEBATED WARMLY IN COURT

Gus V. R. Mechin and Attorney Albert Arnstein Are Threatened With Fines.

Gus V. R. Mechin, handwriting expert, and Albert Arnstein, attorney, discussed the ethics of expert testimony with so much warmth in the Probate Court Monday that Judge Holtcamp threatened to fine both.

Mechin was a witness for the estate of George D. Rosenthal, against which a claim for \$100,000 has been filed by Dr. Max Rosenthal of New York. The claim is based on a note alleged to have been given by George D. Rosenthal to Dr. Rosenthal, written on one of the doctor's prescription blanks. A. H. Sherman, a paying teller, had testified that both the body of the note and the signature were in George Rosenthal's handwriting.

Mechin testified that he was familiar with George Rosenthal's handwriting, and that the signature was not such as would have been made by a man of such a temperament. For one thing, the initial "D" in the signature appeared to have been made with five strokes of the pen. A man of Rosenthal's temperament would not have used that many strokes.

Mechin did not like the way Arnstein started out on his cross-examination, and said he was going to give foot answers to fool questions. Arnstein wanted to know if expert testimony was not purely a matter of guessing. Mechin denied it, and said that he gave his honest opinion. He said he was getting \$5 a day and expenses, and Arnstein wanted to know if he was not paid to take sides.

Mechin said if he had been taking sides he would have been on Arnstein's side because for seven or eight years he had been on bad terms with George Rosenthal and had sent him word that if Rosenthal ever spoke to him he would slap his face. He added that Arnstein had asked him to testify on the other side, but he had told Arnstein that he had already been consulted by the defense.

Arnstein said: "Well, you would have taken my money and testified on my side."

"You may have lied about it, but I wouldn't," said Mechin.

Arnstein appealed to Judge Holtcamp, but was reminded that he had brought out the retort. He added, however, that if he continued in that line he would fine both.

STORY OF CONSPIRACY BY WHICH ROOSEVELT "TOOK" THE ISTHMUS

Number 2 of a Series

Herewith Further Details of the Shameful, Amazing Story of Panama Are Presented, Showing How Roosevelt Was Cleverly Used by Counsel of New Panama Canal Company.

EVIDENCE TO SHOW PLOT WAS UNDERSTOOD IN WASHINGTON

Cromwell Was the Arch-Director Until the Colombian Minister Learned of the Plot and Threatened Him With the Confiscation of the Property of Both Railroad and Canal Company—Quitting Right Then, He Turned Over the Work to Bunau-Varilla, Who Raised \$100,000 for a Bribery Fund.

The Post-Dispatch and the New York World yesterday printed the facts of the fomented "revolution" by which, with the assistance of the naval forces of the United States, the Isthmus of Panama was "taken" from Colombia by President Roosevelt and set up as a false republic.

The Post-Dispatch and the World present today in detail the mass of evidence in their possession a clear, exact story of the conspiracy that immediately led up to the rape of the isthmus.

Mr. Roosevelt will find that he was in error in many of the points he has made in his statements about the affair, and he possibly may find that he had no realization of the extent to which he was used by William Nelson Cromwell, the confessed lobbyist of the new Panama canal company.

One assertion which he undoubtedly will wish to recall is the positive one he made in his statement on June 24:

"We did not in the smallest degree instigate the revolution. The people of Panama were a unit in demanding the revolution."

What dependance one can place in the truth of these vigorous assertions can be determined by a careful consideration of the facts of the successful conspiracy herewith presented:

The Hay-Herran treaty was signed on Jan. 23, 1903, after Secretary of State Hay had written the following peremptory note to the Colombian Charge d'Affaires:

"Department of State, Washington, Jan. 23, 1903.

"Dear Mr. Herran—I am commanded by the President to say to you that the reasonable time that the statute accords for the conclusion of negotiations with Colombia for the excavation of a canal of the isthmus has expired, and he has authorized me to sign with you the treaty of which I had the honor to give you a draft, with the modification that the sum \$100,000, fixed therein as the annual payment, be increased to \$250,000. I am not authorized to consider or discuss any other change.

"With sentiments of high consideration, etc., JOHN HAY.

William Nelson Cromwell, the lobbyist of the new Panama Canal Co. who has persuaded the American Government to increase the annual payment from \$100,000 to \$250,000, went at once to Dr. Herran's house. By pointing out that if he did not there and then accept the terms offered by the United States Colombia would lose everything and the Nicaragua canal would be built instead of the one at Panama, Mr. Cromwell induced the Colombian charge to sign the treaty "ad referendum."

The lobbyist of the Panama Canal Co. himself rapidly corrected the draft of the treaty and taking Dr. Herran with him to Secretary Hay's private residence, on the evening of Jan. 23, 1903, told the Secretary of State that an agreement had been reached and that they were ready to sign the treaty then and there.

Only three persons were present when the treaty was signed. They were Secretary of State Hay, Dr. Tomas Herran and William Nelson Cromwell, to whom the pen used in signing the treaty was presented "as a mark of appreciation of the part he took in the so long and apparently so hopeless negotiations."

Shining Beat Out a Cablegram.

Mr. Cromwell later boasted that: "As a historical detail showing how narrow a margin we succeeded, we note that a few hours after the signing of the treaty Mr. Herran received a peremptory cable from his Government to suspend all negotiations till the receipt of fresh instructions. This dispatch, which, if it had arrived a few hours earlier, would have paralyzed all action and have prevented any result, was on its way from Bogota, when, thanks to the strongest pressure, we succeeded in having the treaty concluded in order to avoid this very possibility which we had feared."

The dispatch ordering Dr. Herran not to sign the treaty, a treaty which Mr. Roosevelt afterward told Congress had been "entered into at the request of the people of Colombia," was as follows:

Colombian Minister, Washington:

"Do not sign canal treaty. You will receive instructions in better all today."

The Colombian Government never in any way, shape or form approved the Hay-Herran treaty. It maintained the position it had taken from the first that the canal and railroad companies would have to pay Colombia just compensation for the right to transfer their companies to the United States. This contention had the unqualified support of all parties in Colombia at today.

CODE IN PANAMA PLOT

the more so as most legal authorities maintained that the canal concession would expire in the following year—1904—when the entire properties of the company would revert to Colombia, which would have sold them to the United States.

Mr. Cromwell's Industry.

Mr. Cromwell saw clearly that the only way to escape satisfying the just demand of Colombia was to get President Roosevelt to refuse to allow the treaty to depend in any way on a previous settlement between Colombia and the canal and railroad companies.

So, to save money to his clients, Mr. Cromwell had numerous interviews with Secretary Hay, Senators Hanna, Spooner and Kittredge, Congressman Burton and other party leaders in Congress, and on certain occasions with President Roosevelt. He urged that Colombia had already pledged herself morally to consent and that her consent should be imposed upon her as being demanded by international good faith, and thus succeeded in getting the American Government to use all its influence in favor of the French company, and on several occasions Secretary Hay sent to the American minister, by transmission by the Colombian Government, firm and positive refusals to consent to the amendment of the transaction proposed.

Mr. Cromwell reported to his employer that the Secretary of State of the United States had invited him as the representative of the Panama Canal Company, to collaborate in the writing of these instructions.

Mr. Cromwell also wrote—at the request, he says, of Secretary Hay—a detailed note covering the whole history of the negotiations and arguments in support of the attitude taken by the United States, which note the Secretary used as a basis for his official instructions to the American minister, and to which the United States adhered to the end.

Mr. Cromwell kept a copy of these instructions to the company, which expressed its approval by the following cable:

"We have received Mr. Hay's letter of instructions to the Minister of the Republic in Bogota, which satisfies us and for which we thank you."

Roosevelt and Hay Stand by the Lobbyist of New Panama Canal Co.

When these Hay-Cromwell instructions were officially communicated to the Colombian Government they were bitterly attacked as being predicated on an incorrect statement of the facts and as contrary to the attitude which Colombia had taken. But President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay stood by Mr. Cromwell and his clients, and "stoutly maintained the attitude which had been thus assumed by common consent."

Secretary Hay's letter to Mr. Beaupre plainly bears the imprint of Mr. Cromwell's argument and style. The instructions read as though Mr. Cromwell had written them himself. In part, this letter to the American Minister says:

(Such action on the part of Colombia or on that of the companies would be inconsistent with the agreements already made between this Government and the canal company with the act of June 21, 1902, under the authority of which the treaty was made and with the express terms of the treaty itself.

"By the act of June 28, 1902, the President was authorized to acquire, at a cost not exceeding \$40,000,000, the rights, privileges, franchises and concessions and other property of the New Panama Canal Co., and an agreement to that end was made by him with the company and to the Government of Colombia that by articles 21 and 22 of the Salazar-Wyke concession of 1873 the company could not transfer to the United States its rights, privileges, franchises and concessions without the consent of Colombia. Therefore, and before entering upon any dealings with the New Panama Canal Co., the present treaty with Colombia was negotiated and signed."

"This statement by Secretary Hay was an absolute misstatement, as long before the canal treaty was negotiated, signed the United States, through the Isthmian Canal Commission, had entered upon dealings with the New Panama Canal Co., formally asking that company to name a price at which it would transfer these rights, privileges, franchises and concessions, and the Spooner law had been passed, because the United States felt that company's option to sell for \$40,000,000."

"The hostile dispositions of the Colombian press and Government were so manifest that Mr. Cromwell suggested to Secretary Hay, on June 9, to have the American Government send an ultimatum to the Colombian Government in advance of the meeting of its Congress in Bogota."

Revolution Prepared With Knowledge and Consent of President Roosevelt

"That step was the preparation of the Panama revolution, with knowledge and consent of Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States."

Accurate Forecast Given.
On June 12 Mr. Cromwell had a long conference at the White House with President Roosevelt, and on leaving the White House the Secretary of State, Mr. Richard L. Farnham, formerly of the World, over to the Washington Bureau of the World.

Mr. Cromwell lived at the New Willard, and the Washington Bureau of the Post-Dispatch and World is at the corner of Fourteenth and F. Mr. Farnham made to one of the members of the Bureau's staff a suggestion for an article on the Panama Canal matter, Mr. Farnham stipulated that his name should not be used, and that he was not to be quoted in the article, but he assured the Bureau that there would be an uprising on the Isthmus; that it would probably take place on election day, Nov. 3, and that five or six citizens of Panama would soon arrive in Washington to consult with Secretary Hay and other State Department officials concerning the proposed uprising.

From the information thus obtained the World's Washington correspondent wrote an article which appeared in the World on June 14, in which every detail of the Panama revolution of Nov. 3 was accurately forecast. Everything was eventually carried out exactly as it was printed in this article more than four and one-half months previously. The article read as follows:

MAT ARRIE TO GRANT CANAL.
The State of Panama ready to secede if the treaty is rejected by Colombia. Roosevelt said to

government will be organized. This plan is said to be easy of execution, as not more than 100 Colombian soldiers are stationed in the State of Panama.

The citizens of Panama propose, after seceding, to make a treaty with the United States, giving this government the equivalent of absolute sovereignty over the canal zone. The City of Panama alone will be excepted from this zone, and the United States will be given police and sanitary control there. The jurisdiction of this government over the zone will be regarded as supreme. There will be no increase in price or yearly rental.

In return the President of the United States would promptly recognize the new government, when established, and would at once appoint a minister to negotiate and sign a canal treaty. This can be done expeditiously, as all the data have already been supplied.

President Roosevelt is said to strongly favor this plan if the treaty is rejected. The treaty of 1846 by which the United States guarantees the sovereignty of Colombia over the Isthmus of Panama, is now construed as applicable only to foreign interference and not to the uprising of her own people, the formal abrogation of the treaty of 1846 is, however, under consideration. It is known that the Cabinet favors the President's idea of recognizing the republic of Panama, if necessary, to secure the canal territory. The President has been in consultation both personally and by wire with leading Senators and has received unanimous encouragement.

Panama Route or None.
The President, Secretary Hay and other high officials say that no foreign government must be permitted to construct a canal along the Panama route. They realize that if the United States utilizes this route there is no danger of a competing canal being built over the Nicaragua route because of the enormous cost and because it would then be within the zone of this country. On the contrary, if the United States builds on the Nicaragua route, the route could be taken by a foreign government and still be beyond the zone of this country.

It is intended to wait a reasonable time for action by the Colombian Congress, which convenes June 20, and then, if nothing is done, to make the Panama plan operative. William Nelson Cromwell, general counsel of the Panama Canal Co., had a long conference with the President today. Mr. Cromwell's advice was that much opposition to the treaty has developed, but he still expects ratification.

According to information received, the bitter fight is being made on the treaty by representatives of foreign governments at Bogota, and by the transcontinental railroad interests opposed to the canal. Lobbyists from the United States have gathered at Bogota and are prepared to spend unlimited money to defeat the treaty. (End of article of June 15.)

Capt. Beers an Active Agent.
Mr. Cromwell, through Capt. James R. Beers, freight agent and port captain of the Panama Railroad, had been lobbying for the possibility of a revolution to Jose Augustin Arango, attorney and lobbyist of the Panama Railroad, and he in turn had spoken of the matter to Dr. Amador, physician of the Panama Railroad.

While Capt. Beers left Panama for the United States. The object of his visit was "to confer with William Nelson Cromwell on a revolution in order to declare the independence of the Department of Panama." This was well known to his most intimate associates on the Isthmus before his departure. It was also known specially to Herbert G. Prescott, assistant superintendent of the Panama Railroad, that Capt. Beers went as the authorized spokesman of Arango and a very few of Arango's relatives and friends.

While Capt. Beers was in the States getting Mr. Cromwell's orders, Senor Arango was cautiously sounding influential Panamanians. On Sunday, July 26, just before Capt. Beers' return from New York or 23 prominent Americans and Panamanians were gathered at a luncheon as guests of Ramon and Pedro Arria at their house in the Savannahs.

The possibility of a revolution was freely discussed, and numerous speeches made in favor of setting up an independent Republic of Panama, with the Isthmus as the public on the Isthmus under the protection of the United States, which would build the canal.

Haskell A. Gudge, then American Consul-General in Panama, and until recently Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Canal Zone, was among the speakers. J. Gabriel Duque, proprietor of the Panama Star-Herald, was present, as were Herbert G. Prescott, assistant superintendent of the Panama Railroad in charge of transportation; Maj. William Murray Black, U. S. A.; Lieut. Mark Brooke, U. S. A.; Carlos Constantino Arosemena, later secretary of the Revolution Committee; Gen. Ruben Varon, Colombian "Admiral," who was bought by the Panama rebels with a bribe of \$30,000 silver; Mr. Arango and others.

Cromwell Depended On.
Before Capt. Beers left New York Mr. Cromwell furnished him with a code book, with additions and special instructions for its use written in the blank pages in the back of the book. And when Beers exhibited the code upon his return to the Isthmus, Aug. 4, 1903, he told his friends that Mr. Cromwell could be depended upon to "go the limit" with them in the revolutionary project.

On the Sunday following his emissary's return, Arango gave a luncheon at his country house in honor of Capt. Beers. Only a half dozen or so of Arango's most intimate friends were invited, with only two Americans, Prescott and Beers. Before the luncheon Beers had made his report to each conspirator, and at the table he did not go into these details, except to say that the plan for the revolution could be carried out successfully, and that they could depend on Cromwell not only to assist them, but to obtain the necessary assistance which he had promised to secure for the movement.

From this Sunday the propaganda was

Continued on Next Page.

Our Store Closes
Saturdays at
1:00 O'Clock and
on Other Days
at 5:00 O'Clock



Scruggs-Vanderhoort-Barnes
OLIVE and LOCUST from NINTH to TENTH

The Best Goods for the Price No Matter What the Price

Interesting News of Our Pre-inventory Clearance Sale Which Will Appeal to the Economically Inclined

As we are anxious to lower our stocks as much as possible before inventory-time, we shall offer from day to day, during the month of July, various odd lots of seasonable and reliable merchandise at prices that will not fail, we believe, to hurry their outgoing.

In consequence of this, you will find it distinctly to your advantage, from a money-saving and other standpoints, to keep closely in touch with our various offerings which will be of interest to men, women and children. Visit our store tomorrow and share in these and many other special offerings.

Art Needlework

Pillows suitable for porch, cance or hammock use. Value \$1.25 and offered now at 85c
20-in. Round Covers of Frills' Cloth ornamented with applied leather. Value \$1.25, sale price \$1.75
Dresser Scarfs valued at 50c will be offered tomorrow 25c
Pillow Tops stamped for embroidery. Regular 50c and 60c values, in this sale at 25c
Centerpieces stamped for embroidery; value 50c, sale price 25c

Second Floor.

Infants' Wear, Etc.

An odd lot of Children's Colored Gingham Bloomers—sizes 2 to 3 years; formerly priced at 50c. Sale price 19c
Slightly soiled Mull Caps; formerly priced at 50c to \$1.00. Sale price 25c
Princesses Muslin Slips in sizes 1, 2 and 3 years; formerly priced at 50c. Sale price 25c
We have a quantity of Infants' Long Dresses which have been reduced for this sale as follows:
\$4.50 Dresses now \$2.98
\$5.00 Dresses now \$3.98
\$10.00 Dresses now \$6.95

Third Floor.

Handkerchiefs

Women's All-pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs—sheer or regular quality. Value 25c each, sale price 15c
Women's All-pure Linen Plain Hemstitched Handkerchiefs—sheer or regular quality. Value 15c each, sale price 10c
Men's All-pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs with hand-embroidered initial; regular value 50c each, sale price 35c or 3 for \$1.00

First Floor.

Women's Neckwear

Guimpes of plain white batiste made with new Gladstone and roll collars. Price 50c
Some very attractive Guimpes we are now showing are made of batiste embroidery trimmed with Val lace, and choice may be had of Medici or Norman pattern. Price \$1.00
Venice Lace Collars—white only—that are regular 25c values will be included in this sale at 15c

First Floor.

Petticoats

Messaline Petticoats in the leading street shades, made with finely plaited flounce. \$5.00 value, sale price \$3.50
Silk Jersey-top Petticoats, made with plaited messaline flounce and flat underlay. \$6.00 value, sale price \$4.95

Third Floor, Ninth Street.

Bags, Belts, Etc.

White Silk Moire Bags, fitted with purse and mirror and finished with tassels at the bottom. A special value at 95c
Pin Seal Party Cases, in all colors with five fittings, special price at \$2.98
White Kid Belts, five inches wide, with covered buckles. Each 50c

First Floor.

White Goods

Here are a few more of our offers for the Clearance Sale.
Rice Mesh Ratine in the 45-inch width, valued at \$1.25 a yard, sale price 75c
Fancy Plaid Crepe Ratine, 42 inches wide. Value \$1.25 a yard, sale price 85c
44-inch Fancy Checked Ratine that is a regular \$1.75 value can be purchased tomorrow at \$1.25

Second Floor.

Men's Furnishings

Men's Washable Four-in-Hand Neckwear of mercerized madras and Oxford weaves; striped and plain effects. The regular 50c qualities, sale price 25c
Men's high-grade imported and domestic Two-piece Underwear inisle and balbriggan; broken sizes, but \$1.50 values. The garment 95c
Men's Lisle and Balbriggan Union Suits, \$1.50 value at 95c \$2.50 value at \$1.65

First Floor.

Tennis Balls

Ayer's Championship Tennis Balls are of the finest quality and we have just received a shipment from abroad, thus insuring a lively ball; regular value \$4.00 a dozen. Sale price \$3.50

First Floor.

Housekeepers Will Find Much of Interest in This Clearance of Furniture

Our Semi-annual Clearance Sale of Furniture is now in progress and we cannot emphasize too strongly the advantages of supplying both present and future needs during this event. As in many cases we have but one piece of a kind, it is, of course, to your advantage to shop as soon as possible. The items which follow are but suggestive of the many that await you here.

Dining Room Suits

Fumed, Early English and Golden Oak Dining Room Suits, each consisting of one 60-in. Sideboard, one 54-in. Extension Table, one Serving Table, one China Cabinet and one leather upholstered Dining Chair; regular value of these suits is \$97.50. Special sale price \$79.50

Serving Tables

Three Fumed Oak Serving Tables, formerly priced at \$15 and \$32 each, sale prices \$8.00, \$18.00 and \$22.00
One Golden Oak Serving Table, formerly priced at \$11.00, sale price \$7.50

Serving Tables

Fifteen Golden Oak, Early English and Fumed Oak Serving Tables are specially priced at \$6.75

Dining Chairs

Fumed Oak, Early English and Golden Oak Box Seat Dining Chairs with genuine leather upholstered seats and backs are on sale now at each \$6.00
Fumed, Early English and Golden Oak Box Seat Dining Chairs, genuine leather-upholstered, on sale now at \$3.25
Fumed, Early English and Golden Oak Dining Chairs, box seats and genuine leather upholstered, on sale now at \$2.50

Fifth Floor.

Dining Chairs

Mahogany Box Seat Dining Chairs with genuine leather upholstery, on sale now at \$4.00
Many other Dining Room Chairs—in various styles and woods—are priced at, each \$4.00 to \$35.00

Sideboards

We have a number of Mahogany Sideboards, formerly priced at \$50 to \$130, that are on sale now at \$33.00 to \$108.00

China Cabinets

We have a number of Fumed and Early English Oak China Cabinets—one piece of a kind—formerly priced at \$25.00 to \$72, now marked \$18.00 to \$49.00

Second Floor.

A Sale of Wash Cottons

Just in time for the Pre-inventory Clearance Sale comes this special purchase of dainty, sheer new Wash Cottons, at prices much below their regular values.

Sheer Lawns—white grounds with floral printings, also stripes, figures, etc. Sale price, the yard 7 1/2c
Fine quality Organdy Lawns, in lovely floral and Dresden effects, also figures and dots; white grounds. Sale price, the yard 10c

Soft-finished White Mulls, in new color printings, such as floral printings, small stripes, etc. Sale price, the yard 12 1/2c
Genuine Woven Flaxon, in fancy stripes, small checks, plaids and plain colors; all are absolutely fast color. Sale price, the yard 25c

Beautiful silk-striped and floral-printed Voiles and dainty Crepes; white or tinted grounds and 38 to 40 inches wide; value 65c a yard. Sale price 40c
We have also received a shipment of very fine French Voiles in the newest floral and French color printings, on white and tinted grounds. These are exclusive designs and are specially priced for this sale at, the yard 60c

Something Extra Special

St. Gall Swisses, Embroidered French Batistes, 40-inch Imported Voiles, Striped Handkerchief Linen, etc.—regular 60c values—will be offered in this sale at, the yard 50c
Embroidered French Crepes, St. Gall Swisses and Mulls, Dress Linens, Striped Crepes, Embroidered Marcellines, etc.—values 75c and 85c a yard—are offered in this sale at, the yard 40c
46-inch French Voiles with lovely floral borders; also plain white with effective woven silk borders in fancy colors—regular value \$1.50 a yard—sale price 95c

Domestic Muslin Underwear

A special lot of Crepe de Chine Camisoles includes white, pink and a few light blues, trimmed with lace and ribbon shoulder straps. \$3.50 and \$4.50 values, sale price \$1.98
Princess Knickerbocker-drawers Combination with front and back of cover trimmed with vertical Val and Embroidered. A special value at \$2.98
Teddy Bear Combinations of raincoat, with lace butterfly medallions and insertions and lace shoulder straps. \$2.50 value for \$1.98
Slipover Nightgowns, made of satinsook, in the Empire style, with yoke of Swiss embroidery and Val lace medallions. \$1.75 value, sale price \$1.35

Sewing Machine Specials

A number of Sewing Machines will be offered in this Pre-inventory Clearance Sale, every one of which is in absolutely perfect sewing condition, and they are guaranteed for ten years, though they will last a lifetime. Some of the cases are slightly marked, but otherwise they are in perfect condition. Sale prices \$12.50 to \$65.00
Our regular \$35.00 Housemaster Rotary Drophead Sewing Machine—walnut case—will be offered in this sale at \$30.00
Easy terms of \$1.00 down and \$1.00 a week, if desired. Free sewing lessons

A Clearance of Laces

Allover Laces in shadow and novelty mesh nets in very effective open patterns—36 inches wide; regular \$1.25 and \$2.00 values. Sale prices, the yard \$1.50
Beautiful, heavy scallop Embroidered Net Flouncings with handsome floral sprays; scallops in round or square effects. These in combination with plain white Brussels net make beautiful Summer costumes. They are 18 to 27 inches wide. The yard 60c and \$1.25
Embroidered Net and Oriental Lace Edges. These average from 3 to 5 inches wide and are in all kinds of pretty bordered effects, including some Roman patterns. Suitable for neck and sleeve trimmings. The yard 18c and 25c

Clearance Sale of Toys

We have a small lot of Jointed and Kid Body Dolls, "Character Babies" and "Horsman's Unbreakable Dolls" that are slightly soiled from handling, but are otherwise in perfect condition—values 25c to \$9.00 each—on sale now at Half Price
We shall also offer a small line of Enamelled Wash Sets and Dinner Sets—valued at \$2.00 to \$9.00 a set—Half Price
We have a few pieces of White Enamelled Furniture, including Chiffoniers, Dressers, Dressing Tables and China Closets—valued at \$1.25 to \$7.00 each—on sale now at Half Price

Tailored Hat Clearance

About 50 Women's Tailored Hats, in the new sailor, turban and some blocked shapes, also some made in our own workrooms. These are trimmed with flowers, quills, wings and ribbons. Included are values up to \$6.95. Choice, while they last, at \$2.95
Women's All-white Milan Hemp Hats, in narrow brim and rolling-brim styles. These are trimmed with white flowers and white satin ribbon, while others have the small wing effects. Specially priced for this sale at \$5.00

Brassieres and Corsets

A broken lot of H. & W. Brassieres that we are offering at a reduced price includes the plain style that laces in the back and others that are embroidery trimmed. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 40 and 42. \$1.50 value, sale price \$1.00
Corsets in a broken assortment, including the Thomson Glove-fitting and Elitia, made of batiste, with medium low bust and long skirt extension, in sizes 25, 26 and 27 only. Value \$1.50, sale price 98c
A few La Vida Corsets, in sizes 18 and 19, that were formerly \$5.00 and \$6.00, will be offered tomorrow at 98c

Kimonos at Clearance Prices

We will offer a special lot of Kimonos during this Pre-inventory Sale. At very much less than regular prices. Some of them are made of Serpentine Crepe, while others are of a fine quality of Plisse Crepe. The Empire style is shown with trimmings of satin ribbon and fancy buttons, and others trimmed with self material. A good assortment of colors and patterns for choice. Values \$1.50, \$1.95 and \$2.45, sale prices 95c, \$1.25 and \$1.65

Books and Stationery

To clear our book stock and make room for the new Books soon to arrive, we shall offer a number of volumes which are especially suitable for reading in your Summer camp or cottage, and which you will not need to bring home, all 25c values, at the special sale price of, each 10c
We have a quantity of Initialed Correspondence Cards made of high-grade, linen-finished paper and with envelopes to match. These are stamped with gold and illuminated with a dainty color; formerly priced at 35c a box. Sale price 15c

Clearance of Dinnerware

We have a number of odds and ends in Dinner Sets, including China Salad Plates, Bread and Butter Plates, Fruit Sauces, Cream Jugs, 7 1/2-inch Hotel Meat Platters, 6-inch Hotel Bakers and Individual Butters, which we will offer during this Clearance Sale at the special price of, each 5c
In another lot of odds and ends there are Dinner Plates, Breakfast Plates, Salad Plates, Oatmeal Dishes, Creams, Egg Cups, After Dinner Coffee, 9-inch and 11-inch Hotel China Platters, Cream Jugs, Children's Fancy Plates, Oatmeal and Creams, etc., at the very special sale price of, each 10c

Fireless Cooker Demonstration



This morning we commenced a two weeks' special demonstration of the "Ideal" Fireless Cooker. It roasts, bakes, steams and boils and will relieve you of half your kitchen work, as well as save a half on your fuel bills.
Solid aluminum lining and cooking utensils. Ask the demonstrator to explain its many merits and show you the various sizes.

EXTRAORDINARY
Just 15 Pieces of
Black Silk Taffeta,
Value \$1.50 a Yard,
Sale Price, \$1.00
Second Floor.

Linen Clearance

Scalloped Damask Luncheon Sets, consisting of one 68-inch round scalloped all-linen Tablecloth in Lily-of-the-Valley pattern, with one dozen 20-inch Napkins to match; value \$7.50 a set. Sale price \$5.00
Embroidered 36-inch Square scalloped or hemstitched and with embroidered corners; regular value 50c each. Sale price 40c
Fine all-linen Hemstitched Pillowcases—size 22 1/2x36 inches—with hand embroidery. We have but a limited quantity of these and they are slightly soiled; regular value \$5.00 a pair. Sale price \$3.50
All-linen Hemstitched and Hand-drawn Centerpieces—24-inch—regular value \$1.35 each. Sale price \$1.00
Natural color 45-inch Round Cloths, scalloped and embroidered in pink; regular value \$2.00. Sale price \$1.45
Piano Scarfs with antique or Cluny lace edge; regularly marked at \$5.00 to \$9.00 each, now at One-third Less Than Original Prices

Second Floor.

Housefurnishings

Garden Hose in 50-ft. lengths with couplings and nozzle. \$5.00 value for \$3.95
Grass Catchers with heavy galvanized bottom. 75c value for 50c
Vacuum Carpet Cleaners that are regular \$6.00 values, sale price \$3.95
Heavy Oak Bath Seats that are valued at \$1.25 are offered at 95c
Parlor Brooms in the new-fashioned style, valued at 50c and special at 32c
Ironing Boards made with folding stand. \$1.25 value for 95c
Guaranteed Clothes Wringers that are regular \$3.75 values will be offered tomorrow at \$2.50

Cutting Sets

3-piece Sheffield Carving Set, with stag or celluloid handles; choice of several styles, points and blades at the following prices:
\$2.50 and \$3.00 Sets \$1.77
\$3.50 and \$4.00 Sets \$2.45
\$4.50 and \$5.00 Sets \$3.45
\$5.50 and \$6.00 Sets \$4.25
Two-piece Stag Carving Sets—valued at \$2.00 a set—are priced at \$1.40

Silverware Clearance

Double Vegetable Dishes in bright finish on nickel or copper base. These dishes have detachable lock handle that can be easily taken off, thus making two separate dishes. \$9.00 value, sale price \$6.25
Heavy Quadruple Silver-plated Bread Trays with plain threaded edge and in pierced and engraved designs. \$4.50 value, sale price \$3.00

Japanese Garden Sets

In our Brice-Bard Section, on the Fourth Floor, we are offering, for the first time, at a special price for this sale, Japanese Garden Sets which are interesting as well as decorative novelties. Each set contains a fountain, a pagoda, mountain, house, trees, lantern, bridge and several figures and gravel for walks. Price, the set 49c

Marseilles Bedspreads

Scalloped Satin Marseilles Bedspreads with cut corners for twin and double beds.
\$5.00 Spreads for \$4.00
\$6.50 Spreads for \$5.00
Scalloped Satin Marseilles Bed-Sets, consisting of one spread, with cut corners, and bolster rail cover to match. These are made in large size—90x100 inches—for double beds; regular value \$7.50 a set. Sale price \$6.50

Yacht Chairs

Yacht Chairs, with wicker, turned and finished arms; natural finish. These chairs are usually sold at \$2.50 each. Sale price \$1.70

Men's Straw Hats

We have a number of odds and ends in Men's Straw Hats—both smooth and rough straws. Most of them are this season's styles, but a few are last season's styles, and some are slightly soiled from display and handling.
Straw Hats formerly priced at \$2.50 and \$3.00, now \$1.50
Straw Hats formerly priced at \$3, \$3.50 and \$5, now \$2.00

HOW ROOSEVELT MET THE PANAMA REVOLT CONSPIRATORS

Continued From Preceding Page.

Land Agent, Port Captain and Doctor Formed Nucleus of the Conspiracy

At the outset Amador promised that Arango should be the first President of the projected republic, and Arango in turn put Amador forward for the honor.

Thus Jose Augustin Arango, the land agent, lobbyist and local lawyer for the Panama Railroad; Capt. James R. Beers, American freight agent and port captain, and Dr. Manuel Amador, the company's physician, all of them directly dependent upon Mr. Cromwell's favor, formed the nucleus of the revolutionary conspiracy in Panama. Beers kept his principal fully informed by cable and by letter.

Herbert G. Prescott, the most popular American on the isthmus, married there, and on account of his family ties and his position as assistant superintendent of the Panama Railroad, was intrusted with all that the conspirators were doing. For appearance sake Prescott, as well as Beers, kept in the background.

Before Capt. Beers had been sent to New York, Arango had only confided in his sons and sons-in-law, but after the plot was well outlined he did not admit any of his family to the revolutionary committee; he depended upon a company as a family council for his own guidance and support. The revolutionary committee was composed at first of Arango, Amador and Carlos Constantino Arce, a later Minister to Washington. To this committee were added Nicolson A. de Obarris, Ricardo Arias, Frederico Boyd, Tomas Arias and Manuel Espinoza B.

On Aug. 13 news reached the isthmus that the Colombian Senate had unanimously rejected the Hay-Herran treaty. It was decided on the advice of Capt. Beers that two of the conspirators should go to the United States and complete with Mr. Cromwell all arrangements for "pulling off" the revolution.

Dr. Amador sent to New York. Dr. Amador expressed a desire to be one of the commissioners. To ally himself, Dr. Amador wrote to his son, Dr. Isaac A. Amador, then acting as assistant surgeon in the United States army, stationed at Fort Revere, Mass., instructing him to send a cable, "I am sick; come." This the younger Amador did before his father embarked from Colon on the Panama railroad steamship company's steamer Segura, Aug. 16, 1914, for New York. Ricardo Arias, who was designated as another commissioner to accompany Dr. Amador, was obliged at the last moment to remain in Panama, and Dr. Amador was sent on the mission alone.

Cipher Code Shows Expectation of Friendly Dealings at Washington

XL Delay of Cromwell in introducing me to Hay makes me suspect that all he has said is mere imagination and that he knows nothing of the matter.

XII. It appears that Hay will not decide anything definitely until he has received advice from the Commission who is there (in Panama).

XIII. I understand that Hay does not wish to pledge himself to anything and he sees the result of the operation there (in Panama).

XIV. The people from whom I expected support have attached little importance to my mission.

XV. Those who have decided can do nothing practical for lack of necessary means.

XVI. I have convinced myself that Hay is in favor of the rival route, and for that reason will do nothing in support of our plan.

XVII. News that has arrived from the construction of the canal has caused opinion here to shift in regard to our plan.

XVIII. The president-elect (in Panama) is in the new draft of an agreement (treaty) under all negotiations between the two governments impossible, and for this reason I have again resumed conferences.

XIX. The new commissioner is expected here to negotiate. On this depends my future movements.

XX. I consider that I can do nothing practical here now, and for this reason I have decided to take passage for home.

XXI. Await my letter which I write today.

XXII. Here it is thought best to adopt a different plan in order to obtain a favorable construction of the work.

XXIII. Cromwell is determined to go the limit, but the means at his disposal are not sufficient to insure success.

XXIV. Hay, Cromwell and myself are studying a general plan of procedure.

XXV. The commission there (in Panama) is an agent of Cromwell's, of which fact Hay is ignorant.

XXVI. I wish to know if anything has been advanced there (in Panama) and can I fix date here in order to bring matters to a close.

XXVII. Delay in getting satisfactory reply obliges me to maintain silence.

XXVIII. B communicates (New York) that the contract can be satisfactorily arranged.

XXIX. I have considered it prudent to leave the capital (Washington) and continue negotiations from here (New York) by correspondence.

XXX. I await letters from there (Panama) in reply to mine, in order to bring matters to a close.

From There to Here.

(For the conspirator's advice from Panama to Amador in New York.)

Forty. The situation here is the same as when you left in every respect.

50. The object of your trip is suspected here, and in consequence you must be circumspect.

60. New military commander expected here shortly.

70. Letters received. All is well. You can proceed.

80. Write at length on variation of plan, as the one outlined has certain drawbacks.

90. We accept indications contained in cable.

100. Cable received. Go ahead.

200. Forces coming from Bolivar will arrive shortly.

300. Forces coming from Cauca will arrive shortly.

Roosevelt Expressed Pride in the Canal Negotiations

IN his article of "How the United States Acquired the Right to dig the Panama Canal," published in the Outlook on Oct. 7, 1911, Mr. Roosevelt wrote:

"It must be a matter of pride to every honest American, proud of the good name of his country, that the acquisition of the canal and the building of the canal, in all their details, were as free from scandal as the public acts of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln."

"Every action taken was not only proper, but was carried out in accordance with the highest, finest and nicest standards of public government ethics."

"The United States has many honorable chapters in its history, but no more honorable chapter than that which tells of the way in which our right to dig the Panama canal was secured."

Duque replied that he did not think so. Cromwell said that if Mr. Duque would furnish the security for such a loan, to be repaid after independence and that if Mr. Duque would make the Republic of Panama, he would make Duque its first President.

Mr. Cromwell, after thoroughly discussing the situation in Panama and Bogota, said that Secretary of State Hay wished to confer with Mr. Duque in Washington. He called up the Secretary of State on the long distance telephone, made an appointment and gave Mr. Duque a note of introduction to Mr. Hay.

Farnham cautioned Mr. Duque not to remain over night in Washington, and suggested that, in order to avoid registering at a hotel and leaving a record of his visit, he take the night train from New York, arriving in Washington at 10 o'clock in the morning, see Mr. Hay and come promptly away. This suggestion Mr. Duque followed.

Before leaving New York, however, he met Charles Burdett Hart, former American Minister to Bogota, and Mr. Hart said he would introduce Mr. Duque to Secretary Hay. They, therefore, journeyed to Washington together on the night of Sept. 2, 1914, and after breakfasting at Harvey's went to the Department of State to meet Secretary Hay, about 10 a. m. Hart then presented Mr. Duque and shortly afterward left them in a conference which lasted until between 12 and 1 o'clock.

Hay gives Duque assurances. In this conference the Secretary of State said that should the revolutionists take possession of the cities of Colon and Panama, they could depend upon the United States to prohibit Colombian landing troops to attack them and disturb the "free and uninterrupted transit" which the American Government was bound by treaty with Colombia to maintain. Mr. Hay also said that the United States would build the Panama Canal and that it did not purpose to permit Colombia to stand in the way.

The Secretary of State asked Mr. Duque to remain in Washington or re-leave for the President when Mr. Roosevelt should come back from Oyster Bay, but Mr. Hay's proposal was impossible of acceptance because Mr. Duque had to return to Panama.

Colombia Minister Warns Country Roosevelt's Attitude Seems Hostile

This was answered by the foreign cable from the Minister of Foreign Affairs in Bogota:

"Tell me in what hostile attitude will consist."

Dr. Herran replied: "Hostile attitude will consist in favoring indirectly a revolution in Panama."

Herran explains his warning. Dr. Herran explained his statement respecting the probable hostile attitude of President Roosevelt in the following paragraph of a letter to the Colombian Foreign Minister, written in Washington about the same date:

"While there may be no real foundation for newspaper statements of possible revolution at Panama, I advise and request that you take extra and every precaution to guard against any such revolution. I should be delighted if Panama were an independent State or if it made itself so at this moment; but for me to say so publicly would amount to an instigation of a revolt, and therefore I cannot say it."

Both Col. Shaler and Capt. Beers had been sent to New York and received instructions direct from Mr. Cromwell. They knew that Mr. Cromwell had sent the cable solely for the purpose of protecting the company in the event that the revolution should fail. They well knew that he didn't want to fail, and consequently they acted as they did. They were neither reprimanded nor discharged therefor.

If more were needed, absolute proof of Mr. Cromwell's complicity with Amador, Arango and Capt. Beers is afforded in the following remarkable letter written by Senator Arango on Sept. 14 from Panama to Dr. Amador in New York:

PANAMA, Sept. 14, 1913.

"My Dear Dr. Amador: As you know, Tuesday, the Segura should arrive at Colon, I trust during the day we shall receive your expected letter, which will give us the explanation of your discouraging cablegram."

"Disappointed," since I have then we have received the cable saying 'Hope' and nothing more, so that we are in a position of fearful expectancy, as we are ignorant of what has happened to you over there and of the reason for the profound silence which Mr. Cromwell maintains."

"I can give you the assurance that you will be protected by the American forces 48 hours after you have proclaimed the new republic in the whole isthmus."

The Secret Codes. He then handed to Amador a program of military operations, the Declaration

of Independence of the new republic, a draft of its Constitution to be and a cipher code with which to correspond with him. This was in Spanish, typewritten by someone unfamiliar with Spanish, and Dr. Amador added a half dozen variations in his own handwriting. Translated, it reads:

"(Heading written in ink in the handwriting of Jose Augustin Arango.) CODE WITH (JOSÉ) BUNAU-VARILLA."

Tomorrow at daybreak the movement will take place—Galveston. We have great hopes of good result—Mobile.

The movement is effected with good success without casualties—Safe. The movement is effected with losses of life of small importance—Serious. The movement is effected with losses of life of grave importance—Dreadful. From 1 to 10 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 10 to 20 killed or wounded—France. From 20 to 30 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 30 to 40 killed or wounded—Russia. From 40 to 50 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 50 to 60 killed or wounded—France. From 60 to 70 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 70 to 80 killed or wounded—Russia. From 80 to 90 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 90 to 100 killed or wounded—France. From 100 to 110 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 110 to 120 killed or wounded—Russia. From 120 to 130 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 130 to 140 killed or wounded—France. From 140 to 150 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 150 to 160 killed or wounded—Russia. From 160 to 170 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 170 to 180 killed or wounded—France. From 180 to 190 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 190 to 200 killed or wounded—Russia. From 200 to 210 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 210 to 220 killed or wounded—France. From 220 to 230 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 230 to 240 killed or wounded—Russia. From 240 to 250 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 250 to 260 killed or wounded—France. From 260 to 270 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 270 to 280 killed or wounded—Russia. From 280 to 290 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 290 to 300 killed or wounded—France. From 300 to 310 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 310 to 320 killed or wounded—Russia. From 320 to 330 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 330 to 340 killed or wounded—France. From 340 to 350 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 350 to 360 killed or wounded—Russia. From 360 to 370 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 370 to 380 killed or wounded—France. From 380 to 390 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 390 to 400 killed or wounded—Russia. From 400 to 410 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 410 to 420 killed or wounded—France. From 420 to 430 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 430 to 440 killed or wounded—Russia. From 440 to 450 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 450 to 460 killed or wounded—France. From 460 to 470 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 470 to 480 killed or wounded—Russia. From 480 to 490 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 490 to 500 killed or wounded—France. From 500 to 510 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 510 to 520 killed or wounded—Russia. From 520 to 530 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 530 to 540 killed or wounded—France. From 540 to 550 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 550 to 560 killed or wounded—Russia. From 560 to 570 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 570 to 580 killed or wounded—France. From 580 to 590 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 590 to 600 killed or wounded—Russia. From 600 to 610 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 610 to 620 killed or wounded—France. From 620 to 630 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 630 to 640 killed or wounded—Russia. From 640 to 650 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 650 to 660 killed or wounded—France. From 660 to 670 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 670 to 680 killed or wounded—Russia. From 680 to 690 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 690 to 700 killed or wounded—France. From 700 to 710 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 710 to 720 killed or wounded—Russia. From 720 to 730 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 730 to 740 killed or wounded—France. From 740 to 750 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 750 to 760 killed or wounded—Russia. From 760 to 770 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 770 to 780 killed or wounded—France. From 780 to 790 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 790 to 800 killed or wounded—Russia. From 800 to 810 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 810 to 820 killed or wounded—France. From 820 to 830 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 830 to 840 killed or wounded—Russia. From 840 to 850 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 850 to 860 killed or wounded—France. From 860 to 870 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 870 to 880 killed or wounded—Russia. From 880 to 890 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 890 to 900 killed or wounded—France. From 900 to 910 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 910 to 920 killed or wounded—Russia. From 920 to 930 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 930 to 940 killed or wounded—France. From 940 to 950 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 950 to 960 killed or wounded—Russia. From 960 to 970 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 970 to 980 killed or wounded—France. From 980 to 990 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 990 to 1000 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1000 to 1010 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1010 to 1020 killed or wounded—France. From 1020 to 1030 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1030 to 1040 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1040 to 1050 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1050 to 1060 killed or wounded—France. From 1060 to 1070 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1070 to 1080 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1080 to 1090 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1090 to 1100 killed or wounded—France. From 1100 to 1110 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1110 to 1120 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1120 to 1130 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1130 to 1140 killed or wounded—France. From 1140 to 1150 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1150 to 1160 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1160 to 1170 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1170 to 1180 killed or wounded—France. From 1180 to 1190 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1190 to 1200 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1200 to 1210 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1210 to 1220 killed or wounded—France. From 1220 to 1230 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1230 to 1240 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1240 to 1250 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1250 to 1260 killed or wounded—France. From 1260 to 1270 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1270 to 1280 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1280 to 1290 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1290 to 1300 killed or wounded—France. From 1300 to 1310 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1310 to 1320 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1320 to 1330 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1330 to 1340 killed or wounded—France. From 1340 to 1350 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1350 to 1360 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1360 to 1370 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1370 to 1380 killed or wounded—France. From 1380 to 1390 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1390 to 1400 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1400 to 1410 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1410 to 1420 killed or wounded—France. From 1420 to 1430 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1430 to 1440 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1440 to 1450 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1450 to 1460 killed or wounded—France. From 1460 to 1470 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1470 to 1480 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1480 to 1490 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1490 to 1500 killed or wounded—France. From 1500 to 1510 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1510 to 1520 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1520 to 1530 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1530 to 1540 killed or wounded—France. From 1540 to 1550 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1550 to 1560 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1560 to 1570 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1570 to 1580 killed or wounded—France. From 1580 to 1590 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1590 to 1600 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1600 to 1610 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1610 to 1620 killed or wounded—France. From 1620 to 1630 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1630 to 1640 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1640 to 1650 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1650 to 1660 killed or wounded—France. From 1660 to 1670 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1670 to 1680 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1680 to 1690 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1690 to 1700 killed or wounded—France. From 1700 to 1710 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1710 to 1720 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1720 to 1730 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1730 to 1740 killed or wounded—France. From 1740 to 1750 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1750 to 1760 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1760 to 1770 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1770 to 1780 killed or wounded—France. From 1780 to 1790 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1790 to 1800 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1800 to 1810 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1810 to 1820 killed or wounded—France. From 1820 to 1830 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1830 to 1840 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1840 to 1850 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1850 to 1860 killed or wounded—France. From 1860 to 1870 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1870 to 1880 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1880 to 1890 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1890 to 1900 killed or wounded—France. From 1900 to 1910 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1910 to 1920 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1920 to 1930 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1930 to 1940 killed or wounded—France. From 1940 to 1950 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1950 to 1960 killed or wounded—Russia. From 1960 to 1970 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 1970 to 1980 killed or wounded—France. From 1980 to 1990 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 1990 to 2000 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2000 to 2010 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2010 to 2020 killed or wounded—France. From 2020 to 2030 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2030 to 2040 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2040 to 2050 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2050 to 2060 killed or wounded—France. From 2060 to 2070 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2070 to 2080 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2080 to 2090 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2090 to 2100 killed or wounded—France. From 2100 to 2110 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2110 to 2120 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2120 to 2130 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2130 to 2140 killed or wounded—France. From 2140 to 2150 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2150 to 2160 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2160 to 2170 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2170 to 2180 killed or wounded—France. From 2180 to 2190 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2190 to 2200 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2200 to 2210 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2210 to 2220 killed or wounded—France. From 2220 to 2230 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2230 to 2240 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2240 to 2250 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2250 to 2260 killed or wounded—France. From 2260 to 2270 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2270 to 2280 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2280 to 2290 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2290 to 2300 killed or wounded—France. From 2300 to 2310 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2310 to 2320 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2320 to 2330 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2330 to 2340 killed or wounded—France. From 2340 to 2350 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2350 to 2360 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2360 to 2370 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2370 to 2380 killed or wounded—France. From 2380 to 2390 killed or wounded—Turkey. From 2390 to 2400 killed or wounded—Russia. From 2400 to 2410 killed or wounded—Belgium. From 2410 to 2420 killed or wounded—France. From 2420 to 2430 killed or wounded—Turkey. 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WITNESS
MURDER TRIAL

Contention
Did Not Fol-
lowed.

6-A new witness
defense at the An-
trial today to chal-
lenger the testimony
introduced by the
Petras got off a
that Theresa Hol-
and that he ran
a block away,
left the car.
tempted to show that
Hickman, a negro,
block beyond where
ated, and that only
Indiana avenue, the
Ohio street, which
toward her way

to the testimony
Hickman. The wit-
of the defense was
said he saw two
avenue. Petras has
to Indiana avenue.

the only evening news-
receives or publishes
Associated Press.

Hand - Painted
China Plates,
fruit or flower
patterns; worth
50c; Tuesday.

14c

Discount on all
Furniture.

Silk Gloves
white 37c

et Covers
Corset
and front
embroidery. 19c

Music Rolls
classic, sacred
from
Second 15c

on Sacques
Sacques of sheer
floral designs, lace
trimmed; 25c

Wash Crepes
Vellie, white and
with delicate
silk dots; for
etc. 83c

Foulards
comes in a nice,
we, with good de-
material 72c

ol Serges
good colors; in
medium weight;
silk dots; for
etc. 25c

ated Watches
watch, a good time
second hand
movement 55c

15c Swiss
this beautiful
material in dis-
tripes; Tuesday
Floor) 62c

ce Curtains
madras, cable and
ular \$1.50
only 72c

, 4-yd. Wide
to get room for
we close out of
of Lino-
line cork,
rubber (see
Floor) 25c

oilet Paper
oilet Paper; regular
rolls for
ment 25c

Store

loom Muslin
wide Fruit of the
the well-known
lin, Tues-
per yd.
mail or
ment) 62c

ite Goods
es, Crepes, Batistes,
votte, checked
in, striped soli-
d, rubber (see
ment) 5c

arts & Drawers
ent strongly made,
sorted
ars; 30c
ment) 14c

HUERTA REPORTED
TO BE UNANIMOUS
WINNER AT POLLS

Dictator Gains "Vote of Con-
fidence" in Few Votes
Cast Near Capital.

REPORTED HE'LL QUIT

Washington Doubts, However,
Whether He'll Turn Office
Over to Lascruain.

MEXICO CITY, July 6.—The returns
of yesterday's elections were not ob-
tainable up to noon today. It was as-
certained from official quarters, how-
ever, that only 2 per cent of the popu-
lation had voted in the states controlled
by the Government.

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, July 6.—President
Wilson and members of his Cabinet were
discouraged by reports that an early
adjustment was indicated of the
successes between the Constitutional
leaders. Secretaries of the party be-
lieved they expected the meeting
would end today with satisfactory
results. Administration officials were
evolutionary agents in Washington thus
saw cause for hope that Carranza would
and agents to confer with Huerta's
delegates over establishment of a pro-
visional government.

Developments in the election about
Mexico City yesterday, in which Huerta
apparently was named for President and
Gen. Blanguet, now Secretary of War,
was elected Vice-President anxiously
were awaited here.

Will Reported Huerta Will Quit.
Some reports remained in circulation
to the effect that after Huerta had
obtained an almost unanimous "vote of
confidence," such as he was said to
have received, he would retire in favor
of Pedro Lascruain, who, in turn, would
surrender the Government to a Constitu-
tionalist. However, doubt that the
Federal dictator would adopt such a
course was expressed in many circles.

Re-election of all members of the Sen-
ate and Chamber of Deputies was in-
dicated. The vote in the capital and
nearby towns was the lightest of all re-
cent balloting.

That Carranza was prepared to re-
sume his military campaign was in-
dicated in unofficial dispatches received
in Washington. Carranza was said to
begin against Queretaro under direction
of Gen. Pablo Gonzales.

Court proceedings over a shipment of
money engraved in Washington for the
Constitutionalists were to be heard here
today. Three companies were to be
sawyer to an order compelling them to
show cause why they should not be
expelled from delivering a consignment
of notes said to have been sent to the
border several days ago. The petition
for the injunction was made by Pel-
las F. Willard, Secretary of the Treas-
ury in Carranza's Cabinet. He charged
that his forwarding agent, Santiago S.
Winfield, did not ship a final consignment
of notes "in a proper manner" and
declared there was danger that the
money would be diverted from the
"Constitutionalist cause." Winfield was
said to be an adherent of Villa.

"Not in Huerta's Confidence."
When President Wilson was asked to-
day to comment on yesterday's election
in Mexico, he laughed and said:
"I hardly think any comment from
me is necessary."

When asked if he knew anything of
Huerta's plans for leaving Mexico,
he smiled again and said:
"I am afraid I am not in his con-
fidence."

Villa Said to Have Agreed to Recon-
cile Carranza.
BALTIMORE, Md., July 6.—The Division
of the North, Villa's army, has agreed to

WOMAN REFUSES
OPERATION

Tells How She Was Saved
by Taking Lydia E. Pink-
ham's Vegetable
Compound.

"My baby was over a year old and
I bloated till I was a burden to myself.
I suffered from female trouble so I
could not stand on
my feet and I felt
like millions of
needles were prick-
ing me all over. At
last my doctor told
me that all that
would save me was
an operation, but
this I refused. I
told my husband to
get me a bottle of
Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound
and I would try it before
I would submit to any operation. He did
and I improved right along. I am
now doing all my work and feeling fine.

I hope other suffering women will
try your compound. I will recom-
mend it to all I know."—Mrs. DAN-
IEL D. B. DAVIS, 110 Franklin St.,
Bangor, Me.

Since we guarantee that all testimo-
nials which we publish are genuine, it
is not fair to suppose that if Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has
helped any other woman who is suffering
from a like manner?

If you are ill do not drag along un-
till an operation is necessary, but at
once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vege-
table Compound.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham
Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn,
Mass. Your letter will be opened,
checked and answered by a woman
held in strict confidence.

WOMAN WHO ENDED HER
LIFE IN THE RIVER

MRS. ROSE MALONEY

BODY OF WOMAN
WHO JUMPED INTO
RIVER RECOVERED

Husband Who Kept All-Night
Vigil Identifies Mrs. Rose
Maloney.

The body of Mrs. Rose Maloney of
214 Tyler street, was taken from the
river at Madison street at 8 a. m. Mon-
day. Mrs. Maloney jumped into the
river early Friday, after her husband,
William P. Maloney, had told her he
was going fishing on the Fourth of July.
She had expected him to remain at home
and share the holiday with her.

Maloney, who had kept an all night
vigil on a barge at the foot of Tyler
street, identified the body soon after it
was taken from the river. It was found
five blocks below the point where Mrs.
Maloney leaped into the water.

acknowledge the authority of Gen. Car-
ranza as "first chief" and Gen. Villa
will remain commander of the Division
of the North, as a result of the confer-
ences in Torreon between representa-
tives of Villa and Carranza, according
to news received here.

The points agreed upon represent con-
cessions by both sides, it was said. Gen.
Villa, according to the news here, will
withdraw his resignation as commander
of the Northern Division and Gen. Car-
ranza will withdraw the acceptance of
the resignation. The Division of the
North, including its 15 generals, will re-
affirm their loyalty to Carranza as
"first chief" of the Constitutional
army.

T. R. REBELS AT RESTING,
WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE

Colonel to Drop Straus as New
York Senatorial Nominee Be-
cause of Tolls Stand.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 6.—While
Col. Roosevelt is improving rapidly as a
result of the rest cure treatment, it was
plain today that he was growing irksome
to him. He showed signs of becoming
rebellious at being shut up on Sagamore
Hill.

He said that he would go to New York
Wednesday and visit Progressive na-
tional headquarters to confer with New
York State leaders. At this meeting an-
other effort will be made to decide on
the party program in this State.

It was learned today the name of
Justice Samuel Seabury, of the New
York Supreme Court will be presented
as a possible nominee for United States
Senator. It is understood that the pro-
posed nomination for this office of Oscar
Straus, Progressive candidate for Gov-
ernor in 1912, has been dropped, because
Straus' position is at variance with that
of the Progressive Party in regard to the
Panama tolls repeal act.

REWEDES DIVORCED WIFE

Man Marries First Wife After
Second Dies.

Henry Akemann and his third wife,
who was also his first wife, he spent
their second honeymoon in Granite
City, where they were married Satur-
day.

Mrs. Melissa Akemann divorced her
husband 11 years ago, after 13 years of
married life, and went to Indianapolis
to live. Some time later he married
again. His second wife died three years
ago. The first Mrs. Akemann did not
learn of the second wife's death until
last spring. She then wrote to Akemann,
expressing sympathy. A correspondence
and courtship followed. She arrived in
Granite City Saturday and the wedding
took place that evening.

Norway Will Exhibit at Fair.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, July 6.—The
Norwegian Parliament today voted an
appropriation of \$7,000 to cover the ex-
penses of the Norwegian official exhibit
at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at
San Francisco and \$12,500 for the dis-
patch of a Norwegian cruiser to rep-
resent the nation at the opening of the
Panama Canal.

Real Estate Exchange Meet.

PITTSBURGH, July 6.—The National
Association of Real Estate Exchanges
will open its seventh annual convention
here Wednesday. Four days of activity
have been planned for the delegates
who will come from all parts of the
United States and Canada.

One Minute Toothache Stick

Stops toothache quick. All druggists, 10c.

ORIENTAL ROAD SOLD
TO REORGANIZERS
FOR \$6,001,000

New Company Will at Once Be-
gin Work of Extending Line
From Wichita to Kansas
City.

By Associated Press.

WICHITA, Kan., July 6.—The Kansas
City, Mexico and Orient Railway was
sold here this morning for \$6,001,000 to
the reorganization committee represent-
ing the bondholders of the company. The
bid was made by A. M. Wickwire of
New York City. There were no other
bidders.

Application for receivership of the
road, which the Federal Court ordered
sold to the re-organization committee of
New York and London capitalists, was
made before Judge John C. Pollock, in
the Federal Court, in Kansas City, Kan.,
March 7, 1912.

Eleven receivers were appointed to
take over the company's affairs in Kan-
sas, Oklahoma and Texas. Immediately
afterward the holders of the company's
stocks and bonds began work on plans
for the refinancing and reorganization
of the road, and \$10,000,000 of European
capital was raised for the purpose of
finishing the road and putting it into
operation from Kansas City to the Pacific
Coast of Mexico.

On April 27, last, Judge Pollock, hav-
ing been informed the reorganization
committee had completed its plans for
the rehabilitation of the Orient, ordered
the sale for an amount not under
\$6,000,000.

Following the sale, it is announced,
the new company, headed by Edwin Dick-
son as president, will assume full man-
agement, and the work of extending the
road from Wichita to Kansas City im-
mediately will be begun.

VANDALIA ROAD FINED
\$2000 FOR REBATING

New Trial Denied by Illinois U.
S. Court in Lumaghi Coal
Co. Case.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 6.—The Van-
dalia Railway Co. was fined by Federal
Judge Wright here today on two counts
for rebating.

A fine of \$1000 on each count was as-
sessed. It was alleged that the Lum-
aghi Coal Co. was the beneficiary of the
rebates. The case was heard re-
cently in East St. Louis.

The railway was charged with rebat-
ing on three counts and was found guilty
on two of them at the May term of the
Federal Court, but sought a new
trial. The motion, however, was over-
ruled today by Judge Wright here and
the company fined.

Steve, Range and Furnace Repairs.
A. G. Brauer Supply Co., 215 N. 3d st.

RAT EXTERMINATION DAY

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 6.—De-
claring there are twice as many rats as
people in Charleston and that they do
damage approximating \$125,000 every
year, Mayor J. F. Bedell today set aside
July 8 as "rat extermination day."

Mayor Bedell called attention to the
presence of bubonic plague in New Or-
leans and declared that while there was
no immediate prospect of an epidemic in
Charleston, there was a possibility of
the disease reaching here through rats
on river boats. Many rat-hunting par-
ties are being organized throughout the
city.

SPECIALS AT
REMLEY'S
MARKET

6th and Franklin
Tuesday and Wednesday

Sale Starts Today at 2 P. M.
and lasts all day.

The Home Institution. Large-
est and Best Grocery House
in the West.

Pure Lard, lb. 10¢

Best Cal. Claret,
Sherry, Port or
Angellia, reg. 30c
value, large
bottles, 22c

FRESH DRESSED
HEADS, lb. 16c

FRESH DRESSED
YOUNG ROOSTERS, lb. 14c

FINEST OF MIXED TEA,
lb. 10c

Best Brand, 20c
val., 1/2-lb. 10c

HOMEMADE BREAD,
5c loaves, better than
mother used to make,
2 for 5c

MIXED COOKIES and 15c

CAKES, 15c lb., 2 lbs. 30c

SIRLOIN STEAKS, 17c

PORTERHOUSE STEAKS, 18c

PLATE BEEF, 9c

CORN BEEF, finest in the
world, we know how to 9c

GROUND BONE, makes
your hens lay, 5 lbs. 10c

FRESH BUTTS, fresh roasted
every hour in the day in our
big mammoth roaster,
big full quart, 5c

HEAD LETTUCE, finest on
the market, 10c val., 5c

LEMONS, solid Mes-
sina, 25c val., 15c

FRESH TOMATOES, best of
the season, liberal size
baskets, 5c

5-lb. Sack R. P.
FLOUR, 15c

SANTOS COFFEE, reg-
ular 25c value, 17c

SPECIAL MIXED TEA,
60c value, 1/2-lb. 19c

PINT MASON JARS,
doz. 38c

QUART MASON JARS,
doz. 43c

1/2-GAL. MASON JARS,
doz. 63c

TWO WOMEN,
MAN AND A BABY
SLAIN WITH AX

CHICAGO, July 6.—A family of four
was wiped out by blows from an ax in
their home in the German settlement of
Blue Island, a suburb, last night. Jacob
Nelesla, a German street sweeper, 72
years old; his wife, their daughter, Mrs.
Martha Mansfield, 25, and the latter's in-
fant child were killed. The bodies and
the stained ax alone remained to out-
line the story when the crime was dis-
covered by neighbors.

The young mother of the infant had
been living away from her husband for
some time, and efforts to find him were
begun.

The murderer, according to Benjamin
Knirsch, Chief of Police of Blue Island,
proceeded with great deliberation.

Each member of the family was
struck on the head. Nelesla slept in
a front bedroom on the first floor of
the little frame dwelling. In the attic
the two women and the infant had been
killed in their beds. The ax was found
near these beds. Nothing was taken
from the house.

The crime was discovered by Jacob
Nelesla Jr., a son of the old couple,
living in another part of Blue Island.
He is a track laborer and went to the
home of his parents, which is near the
tracks, to get a pail of water. He told
the police he observed that the back
door of the place was open and he
called a greeting to his mother. There
was no answer. He then found the

bodies. He said that his sister's hus-
band left her a year ago.

The police gave out a list of the
victims as follows:
Jacob Nelesla, 72 years old, street
sweeper.

Mrs. Anna Nelesla, wife of Jacob, 65
Mrs. Martha Mansfield, 25 years old,
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nelesla.

Two-year-old daughter of Mrs. Man-
sfield.

Finger prints on the ax handle were
photographed. Search was instituted for
William Mansfield husband of Martha,
who is alleged to have deserted her a
year ago and for Michael Cherewinski.
The latter was compelled to vacate the
Nelesla house three weeks ago by the
landlord in order to make way for the
new tenants. He is said to have uttered
threats against the landlord and Nes-
lela.

Mansfield has not been seen in Blue
Island since he left his wife.

LIPTON'S FIRM LOSES
BRITISH ARMY CONTRACTS

Tea Company Forbidden to Make
Bids Because of Bribery
in Canteen Cases.

LONDON, July 6.—Baron Lucas, as
representative of the Government,
formally announced in the House of
Lords today that Lipton's, Ltd., had
been removed from the list of contrac-
tors for the British Army.

This step was taken as a consequence
of the recent scandal in connection with
army canteen contracts, for which sev-
eral army officers and employees of Lip-
ton's, Ltd., were convicted on charges
of receiving and giving bribes.

\$12-Niagara Falls & Return—\$12
July 11, via Clover Leaf Route.

REFUSES TO TAKE
PAROLE MEANT FOR
FELLOW PRISONER

"John Doe No. 10" in Lansing
Penitentiary Writes Kansas
Governor of His Mistake.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LANSING, Kan., July 6.—A sense of
humor which would not permit him to
take advantage of another prisoner and
gain a parole now may bring a parole
to a mysterious prisoner in the Kansas
Penitentiary who is known only as
John Doe No. 10, and who has served
time in Iowa. An equally mysterious
prisoner is known as John Doe No. 11.
Both men have been seeking paroles,
but the record of John Doe No. 10 has
been against him.

W. A. Harmon, formerly superintendent
of construction at the prison, has
been interested in getting John Doe No. 11
released on parole as No. 10 had
been an efficient and faithful worker in
rebuilding the twin plant.

Mr. Harmon wrote to the Governor,
urging the parole, but made a mistake
and referred to John Doe No. 10 as the
man for whom he was seeking clemency.
The Governor wrote to No. 10, say-
ing that he had received a very nice
letter from Harmon about him, and
that his parole would receive consid-
eration at the earliest possible date.

The Governor received a reply the
next day from No. 10. Special permis-

sion had to be granted the prisoner, be-
cause he had exceeded his letter writ-
ing limits. In the letter No. 10 ex-
plained to the Governor that he felt
confident that Harmon was referring to
No. 11 instead of No. 10.

"I don't want to get a parole under
false pretenses," said the letter of John
Doe No. 10. "I never worked for Mr.
Harmon, and I don't think he intended
to ask for my parole, but for the parole
of No. 11. I can't base my claims for
clemency on this, so will ask you to
put it in the file with the papers be-
longing to No. 11."

The real names of the men are not
known to the prison officials. Both have
always been John Doe No. 10 and No.
11.

HUSBAND OF CAMPBELL'S
NIECE VISITS ST. LOUIS

W. H. Harrison of Cincinnati
Says No Plans for a Contest
Have Been Decided Upon.

William H. Harrison, president of the
Cincinnati (O.) Tent and Awning Co.,
whose wife was a niece of the late
James Campbell, St. Louis million-
aire, was in St. Louis Monday. He said
that plans of relatives to bring a suit
to contest Campbell's will were not ma-
tured. What procedure would be taken,
if any, he said, had not been decided
upon.

Mrs. Harrison, in a newspaper inter-
view, declared she did not think that
Campbell's will was fair to his wid-
ow and daughter, Miss Lois Campbell,
in that out of the Campbell fortune they
were to receive only a life income.

Harrison would only say that he was
in St. Louis on business and that, while
he was looking somewhat into the
Campbell will matter, his present visit
was not materially connected with that
affair.

13 DROWNED IN
ALASKA WHEN A
LAUNCH CAPSIZES

Twenty Persons on Way to a
Celebration at Juneau When
Gale Hits Boat.

SKAGWAY, Alaska, July 5.—Thirteen
persons en route to a Fourth of July
celebration were drowned yesterday in
Lynn Canal by the capsizing of the gaso-
line launch, Superb.

The launch was bound from Skagway
for Juneau with 20 persons aboard, when
it was struck by a heavy southerly gale.

58,000 FISH DISTRIBUTED

Gasconade and Meramec Rivers
Stocked With Bass.

The Missouri State Fish Commission
returned to St. Louis Monday after hav-
ing distributed 58,000 small bass in the
Gasconade, Meramec, St. James and
Lake rivers. The fish were six weeks
old, and were from 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 inches long.
They were hatched in the Forest Park
Lakes. In the Gasconade, Meramec and
St. James rivers the small fish were
passed through a hose into the stream,
while the fish car was on railroad
bridges.

VACATION TIME and no diamond ring for
Mary. Get one at Lettis Bros. & Co., the
National Credit Jeweler, 3d floor, 308 N. 3d.

July Clearing Sale

Began This Morning in Every Section of
This "Congress of Specializing Stores"
And even though this is one of the heaviest selling events of the
year, it is significant that the usual good service of
this store's organization is maintained
This Clearing Sale Is Just What Its Name Implies

There are many reasons why more drastic reductions have
been taken in this Clearing Sale than in any one of the
forty-four preceding events of similar character.

One of these reasons is, because of the
Extension of This Store's Merchandising Plans for Fall.
Remember, every section is participating in this July Clearance.

And Another Important Fact—
to remember, is, that many of the most substantial price-reductions have
been taken on staple goods, all of which goes to show what a genuinely
sincere Clearing event this sale is.

We advise you to attend tomorrow—in fact, every day if possible.

All Unsold Clearing Sale Lots
Advertised Sunday, Will Be
on Sale Tomorrow
or While the Quantity Lasts.

No Clearing Sale Merchandise
Can Be Sent C. O. D.
or on Approval, and No Mail
or Phone Orders Will Be Filled.

Kindly take small parcels with you, if possible, and remember shopping in the cool morning hours is best

A Few of the Numerous Clearing Sale Specials for Tuesday

Child's 50c

MAN STRANGELY STABBED TO DEATH AT ITALIAN PICNIC

Frank Perry's Body Lies in Park
Twelve Hours Before Wife
Is Told of Murder.

ATTACKED BY FOUR MEN

Only Witness Tells of Seeing
Him Pursued by Crowd
Shouting in Italian.

Police investigation has not shed any light on the mysterious murder of Frank Perry of 218 South Eighth street, who was out and slumped at an Italian picnic by four men at Guerre's Park, 618 Natural Bridge road, early Sunday. The motive has not been discovered and Perry's wife, Mrs. Effie Perry, can offer no explanations of the killing.

Perry's body lay 12 hours at the park and then was taken to an undertaking establishment without having been identified. Mrs. Perry was told by an Italian that her husband had been killed at the park. She went to the undertaker's at noon and claimed the body.

Receives Seven Stab Wounds.
The tragedy occurred at the annual reunion of the Vittorio Emanuele II. and Santa Fara societies. Perry, who was known as "Dago Frank," was a fruit peddler. He went to the reunion alone. He was attacked in the glare of an arc light and received seven stab wounds. The assassins quickly disappeared and the crowd also scattered and the police have found only one person who saw the killing.

Walter Barnes, in charge of the shooting gallery, says all but about 200 persons had left the park when he saw a man running, pursued by about 50 persons, who were shouting and talking in Italian. The pursuers closed in on him and Barnes saw him fall. He says a number of the pursuers had knives. After the stabbing they quickly disappeared.

Police Find Garden Empty.
When county deputies and police arrived the garden was empty except for four men working in an ice cream booth. They were arrested and held until the inquest, but declared they knew nothing about the killing. A verdict of homicide was returned.

Perry came from Italy about six years ago. He left home about 7:30 p. m. Saturday to go to the reunion. His wife says she knows of no enemies who would desire his death.

BREAKS LEG IN RESCUE

Woman Falls When Trying to
Protect Children From Dog.

While trying to get several children out of the way of a dog she believed to be rabid, Mrs. David Henry, 64 years old, living near Horsehoe Lake, Madison County, Ill., fell Monday and her left leg was broken.

An old bird dog which was on the place was acting strangely, and snapped at four smaller dogs. The children tried to save the smaller dogs. Mrs. Henry became so alarmed for their safety that she ran after them. None of the children were bitten. All the dogs were shot.



**SAVINGS
ACCOUNTS
OPENED ON OR BEFORE
JULY 6TH
WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM
JULY 1ST
OPEN MONDAY
EVENINGS UNTIL 7:30
MERCANTILE
TRUST COMPANY**

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS CAN BE OPENED AND DEPOSITS MADE BY MAIL.

TWO LITTLE GIRLS WHO HELPED TENEMENT TOTS



PAULINE
COHEN.



ETHEL SIMON.

CHARGES "REACTIONARY" RABBIS CATER TO RICH

New Yorker Fails to Obtain
Adoption of Committee Report
on Industrial Relations.

DETROIT, July 6.—What you want us to do is to cater to the wealthy employers of labor, who so largely support the synagogue. You are afraid of what the rich may say if we take a stand for social and economic justice. You quote the scriptures that 'justice shall thou preach,' but you are afraid to practice what you preach.

With these words Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York attacked what he called the "reactionary" members of the Central Conference of American Rabbis at last night's session of the convention here, and demanded the adoption of the report of the committee on the "synagogue and industrial relations" which was submitted by Rabbi Solomon Foster of Newark, N. J.

The committee recommended that the conference "indorse heartily" the principles of the minimum wage industrial insurance, workmen's compensation, old age pensions, prohibition of child labor and the right of workmen to organize.

The "Conservative" won when it was voted to have copies of the report printed and sent to all members of the conference to be acted on at next year's convention.

THERE may be a "River of Doubt," but there's no doubt about the advantage in buying a diamond or watch on credit at Lofin Bros. & Co., 2d floor, 308 N. Sixth st.

\$150,000 Loss in Dock Fire.
PORTLAND, Ore., July 6.—The oceanic dock, owned by Belfour, Guthrie & Co., was burned yesterday, with a loss of \$150,000. It was the third big water front fire since winter.

LAWN PARTY NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT TO SAVE BABIES

Young Folks of West Belle
Place Announce Benefit for
Pure Milk Fund.

CONTRIBUTIONS.
Previously acknowledged \$1319 73
Lemonade stand at 3835 West-
minster, Elizabeth Russell, 2 23
Lemonade stand at 1210 South
Eighteenth, Loretta Hockstra, 1 50
Carnival and show, 1851B
Bayard avenue, Estelle
Crosson and others 6 00

A lawn party and entertainment will be given at Saturday evening at 3945 West Belle place for the benefit of the Pure Milk Fund to save the babies. An attractive program has been arranged with the following features:

Vocal solo..... Miss Zelma Ross
Assisted by Miss Rose Ross
Violin solo..... Miss Marie Cohen
Assisted by Miss Esther Olan
Vocal solo..... Miss Pearl Goldman
Assisted by Miss Morris Aronson
Recitation..... Miss Rose Sander
Violin solo..... Miss Elia Hykins
Recitation..... Miss Elia Hykins
Vocal solo..... Miss Evelyn Gray
Vocal solo..... Miss Evelyn Gray

The young folks managing this pretty entertainment hope to score a pleasing success in behalf of the little ones of the poor.

The second performance of "The District School" and presentation of a big vaudeville bill by a clever company of young players for the benefit of the Pure Milk Fund took place at the Princess Theater on Friday evening before a large audience, and even surpassed the success scored by the first performance at Delmar Garden Theater last Wednesday evening.

The entertainment went from start to finish without a moment's delay and the work of the performers was of admirable quality. The management of the Princess extended all possible assistance, and the stage hands whose services kindly were contributed by the Theatrical Brotherhood of Stage Mechanics rendered effective help. The volunteer orchestra again distinguished itself by admirable achievement.

Those taking part in the performance were Margaret Cosgrove, Marie Walsh, Dorothy Heath, Margaret Heath, May Coleman, William Hanley, Dorothy Hitchings, Marie Stephens, Marguerite Grable, Marie Johnson, Lillian Shipley, George White, Harrison C. Doerle, John Roden, Raymond Duffy, Frank Nieber, Walter Craig, Joseph Burke, Andrew Hildebrand, Conrad Weyman, Lillian Schaefer, Grace Darby, M. McCarthy, N. Bumberry, Thomas, William and Joseph Kelly, John and Delores Bambridge and Madge Rosenfelder.

Little Pauline Cohen of 1829 Franklin avenue, and Ethel Simon of 1439 Franklin avenue, are very proud of their success in earning \$1.10 for the Pure Milk Fund to save the tenement babies. They conducted a lemonade stand in front of Pauline's home, 1210 South Eighteenth street, Catherine Kennedy, 1222 South Eighteenth; Leola Clemens, 1210 South Eighteenth; Mildred Kuhn, 1810 Rutger; Lillie Wise and Elsie Hoffer, 1919 Park avenue, gave a show for the benefit of the Pure Milk Fund on the lawn of Loretta's home, Friday evening, and earned \$1.50 to help save the tenement tots.

They presented a little play entitled "School Days," also some sweet songs and graceful dances, and the audience said the show was fine," they reported, jubilantly.

Elizabeth Russell of 3835 Westminster place and Ida and Freddie Hockstra, of the same block, conducted a lemonade stand in front of the former's home and earned \$2.25 for the Pure Milk Fund to save the babies.

Society

MRS. MOSES RUMSEY of 29 Portland place will depart Tuesday night for her summer home at Siasconnet, on Nantucket Island. Her sister, Mrs. Albert White of Detroit, Mich., will meet her there.

Mr. and Mrs. Erwin P. Hills of 4621 Berlin avenue have gone to Loon Lake, in the Adirondacks, to be with Mrs. Hills' sister, Mrs. Bryson Delavan of New York, who has a camp there. Mr. and Mrs. Hills will make the trip from Buffalo in their motor car.

Miss Isabel Benedict, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Benedict of the Liliacs, has returned from a visit of several weeks in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. August B. Ewing of the Raymuth Apartments returned several days ago from the East, where they have been making a round of visits. They were in New York and East Orange and spent a short time in Atlantic City.

Mrs. William H. Walker, who has been abroad since last autumn, arrived in New York last week and has joined Mr. Walker and Miss Adelaide Walker at Biddford Pool, Me., where they have taken a cottage for the summer. Miss Dorothy Hagedel, Mrs. Walker's niece, is visiting them.

Mr. and Mrs. Guido Pantaleoni of 15 Lenox place and their two boys, Masters Guido Jr., and Raoul, have gone to Biddford Pool, Me., where they will remain until fall.

Misses Florence Mott of 6071 Westminster place and Helen Crawford will depart Thursday for Michigan, a girls' camp in Northern Michigan, to pass three weeks.

Mrs. Clinton Rowell of 479 West Pine boulevard and her daughter and son, Miss Grace Rowell and Carleton Rowell, will depart Monday for Lake Champlain.

If Leaving for the Summer

Your vacation will not be complete without the POST-DISPATCH. You must know what is going on at home. We will have the POST-DISPATCH follow you wherever you may go if you will write us. Will change the address as often as necessary. Use postcard or either phone—Olive—8600—Central. Ask for Circulation Department.

and the Adirondacks. Later they will pass a few weeks at Atlantic City, returning to St. Louis about Sept. 10.

Sailing Tuesday from New York on the Kronprinz Wilhelm for Europe will be the following St. Louisans: Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Spitzer and Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Drosen.

Dr. and Mrs. I. A. Bass of 4277 Monpherson avenue departed Thursday for Winthrop, Mass., to be gone two months.

Mrs. Alfred Bevis of the Parkhurst Hotel and her son, Alfred, will depart

this week for New York. They will pass the summer on the coast and go to Asheville, N. C., for the fall season.

Miss Daisy Joesting of Alton, Ill., will be the guest of Miss Marie Krieger of 5613 Bartmer avenue for a week.

Mrs. H. B. Graham and her daughter are again at their new home, in Hampton Park, after a two-weeks' visit at Atlantic City and New York.

Miss Louise King of 5513 Bartmer avenue is visiting Miss Gladys Hatch of Kansas City, who is entertaining eight members of the Sigma Omicron Sorority.

Mrs. Florence Bevis Longstreth and her daughter, Miss Virginia Longstreth, are in Pasadena, Cal., visiting Mr. and Mrs. Warren D. Clark. They will leave there Aug. 1 for Honolulu and will return to St. Louis in the fall. Mr. and Mrs. Clark are rejoicing over the arrival of a son who has been named Daniel Bevis Clark for his two grandfathers.

Charity Starts at Home.

Have pity on your wife. Don't let her wash her life away. Monarch Laundry rough dry. Simply phone.

Bedell We are Closing Out All of Neusteter's Summer Dresses

At Half and Less Than Half Price

WE urge you to see these charming Dresses that you may appreciate the unusual values we are offering.

Neusteter's Dresses—

Values Up to \$15.00—

\$5.00

THE season's newest and prettiest effects in corded and plain ratine, reps, voiles and new awning stripes so greatly in demand—styles and qualities that will more than please you.

Neusteter's Dresses—

Values Up to \$20.00—

\$8.98

RICH effects in novelty crepes, voiles, lingerie materials, fine messaline and crepe de chine—each one prettier than the next.

Bedell Dresses—depicting the very latest New York styles—at the same attractive prices.

New York
Brooklyn
Newark
Bedell
Philadelphia
Pittsburgh
St. Louis
Washington Av. and Seventh St.
Successors to Neusteter's



Minnesota Lakes Are Not Fished Out

There are 10,000 crystal clear lakes in Minnesota.

More water area than any other state. These lakes are stocked with fine game fish. Cast your vacation lines in Minnesota and pull out a good time. Minnesota resorts are as plentiful as her lakes, and modern in all but their charges.

You couldn't ask for any better climate, and you won't find any better place. Minnesota is a fresh vacation land—go to it.

Minnesota is easy to reach. A pleasant afternoon's ride beside the Mississippi and a comfortable night on the sleeper, and you are there. Thru sleepers to Minnesota leave St. Louis 2:15 p. m. daily via Burlington—Rock Island and reach St. Paul and Minneapolis next morning. Dining car serves all meals.

The pleasure of a vacation in Minnesota is all out of proportion to its cost.

We maintain a Travel Bureau at 703 Olive St., St. Louis. Our representatives are travel experts who will help you plan a wonderful and economical vacation, give you full information and look after every detail of your trip. Write, phone or drop in for literature.

Direct Connections at St. Paul for the Northwest

W. J. Hennessy, C. P. & T. A. 703 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

Rock Island
The Road of Safety To the Land of Plenty



Make it
Yours



Multitudes drink it—some for plain thirst—some for refreshment—all for deliciousness. So will you.

Demand the genuine by full name—
Nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

Atlanta, Ga.



OLIVE ST.
ST. LOUIS
Summer resort of the Mississippi Valley
Made in America
and Coca-Cola famous

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.



Pop out o'bed—hop into the tub—ooh! br! gurgle!—on with cool, clean B. V. D.—five spry minutes at home "gym" work, till your heart trips and your pulse skips. Then, a "man-size" breakfast.

B. V. D. takes the soar out of the temperature and the soreness out of your temper.

By the way, remember that not all Athletic Underwear is B. V. D. On every B. V. D. Undergarment is sewed

This Red Woven Label

**MADE FOR THE
B.V.D.**

BEST RETAIL TRADE

(Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. and Foreign Countries)

The B. V. D. Company, New York.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE-HALF MILLION more readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi. "First in Everything."

CUNARD SPECIAL MIDSUMMER SAILING CARONIA

20,000 Tons 676 Ft. Long
Sails From BOSTON
JULY 14, 3 P.M.

FOR—
LIVERPOOL—LONDON—PARIS
Via QUEENSTOWN and FISHERMAN

This popular steamer, sailing for shorter sea voyage and special accommodations at moderate rates.
First Cabin \$95
Second Cabin \$55
and upwards
APPLY TO LOCAL AGENTS
or 126 State Street, Boston

AMUSEMENTS

FOREST PARK HIGHLAND

THE BIG PLACE ON THE BEACH
SWIMMING POOL NOW OPEN

HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE—The Highland is of downtown theater quality.
CAVALLO'S BAND
GARDEN FREE to 4 P. M. AFTER
M. 10c. Advance tickets at 5c.

PARK THEATER

GRACE VAN STODOLSKY
and VENITA FITZGERALD
"Red Feather"

NEW GRAND CENTRAL

GRAND AND LUCAS
Why Suffer With Heat When You Can
"THE WRATH OF THE GODS"
at America's Most Beautiful and Spectacular
Theater.
Matinees Daily, 2 to 5; Evenings, 7 to 10.

HIAWATHA AT RAMONA PARK

Daily, Sundays excepted, at 2 P. M.
Admission 50c. Children 25c. Reserved Seats, 10c.

SUMMER RESORTS

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
An instructor in music for that girl, at home or in classes, can be through the Post-Dispatch columns.

NINE B STAR FRO

Aero Club
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SPECIAL
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NINE BALLOONS TO START SATURDAY FROM ST. LOUIS

Aero Club Members Expect to See Records Fall in National Championship Race.

SPECIAL GAS PREPARED

Winner of Event Will Be One of United States Entrants in International Competition.

The balloon grounds of the Aero Club of St. Louis have been made ready for the national championship race next Saturday. The circular arena, 420 feet in diameter, is an underground net-work of gas mains, which will supply the ten balloons with a special manufactured gas. It will require 500,000 cubic feet of gas.

In an emergency the gas can be supplied at the rate of 50,000 cubic feet an hour. It will require 200,000 cubic feet of gas to inflate all the balloons. The winner of the national race will be one of the United States entrants in the international race. The entrants are R. A. D. Preston of Akron, O., piloting the balloon "Goodbye"; Capt. John Berry, St. Louis, piloting the "Aero Club of St. Louis"; William Assman, St. Louis, piloting the "Miss Sofia"; Paul J. McCullough, St. Louis, piloting the "White Star"; Warren Rason, Brookville, O., piloting the "Hoosier"; Arthur T. Atherholt, Philadelphia, piloting the "Philadelphia III"; E. S. Cole, St. Louis, piloting the "San Francisco, III"; John W. Watta, Kansas City, piloting the "Kansas City II"; and Jerome Kingsbury of New York.

Ray Donaldson of Springfield, Ill., withdrew Monday because he could not obtain a balloon. He lost his craft in a recent race from Portland, Ore.

Honeywell Withdraws. Capt. H. E. Honeywell, the eleventh entrant in the national race, withdrew so McCullough might sail in the "Uncle Sam." Honeywell already has a place on the United States team in the international race.

This year's race is the largest national spherical balloon contest ever held. The perfect arrangements of the balloon grounds and the special gas, which has great lifting power, together with the ideal central location of St. Louis and the atmospheric conditions, have prompted aeronauts to predict new ballooning records will be established. All national ballooning records have been established by flights made from St. Louis.

The long distance record was established by Allen R. Hawley in a two-day flight, October 17-18, 1910, from St. Louis to Lake Ochotomago, Quebec, 1075 miles.

The altitude record was established in the same event by C. B. Harmon in a flight from St. Louis to Edina, Mo. Harmon remained at 10,000 feet, 28 minutes. Albert Bond Lambert, former president of the Aero Club, established the speed record, making a flight from St. Louis to Charleston, S. C., 634 miles crossing the Cumberland Mountains, in 13 hours.

The national championship race is being given by the Aero Club of St. Louis, under the auspices of the Aero Club of America. Lambert will be the personal representative of the national organization.

Soldiers on Guard. The balloons must be laid out on the grounds the morning of the race. Inflation will begin at 10 o'clock. Each balloon will be under the direct charge of a gas expert from the Laclede Gas Co. and 10 soldiers from Jefferson Barracks.

The first balloon will leave the grounds at 10, the others following at 15-minute intervals. Charles P. Senter will be official time keeper, and Lambert the official starter. Aero Club members will be permitted on the inflating field.

The pilots and their aides will be entertained at a banquet Friday evening, at the Jefferson Hotel, when they will draw for position. Robert E. Nolker, president of the Aero Club, will be master of ceremonies.

At the balloon grounds, at Priester's Park, Grand avenue and Meramec street, is an amphitheater seating 2000 persons.

PRESIDENT WILL HEAR OPTIMISM FROM FORD

Auto Manufacturer Believes the Outlook for Business in Country Is Good.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Henry Ford, Detroit manufacturer who was invited by President Wilson last week to visit at the White House to discuss business conditions, has accepted the invitation and will take lunch with Mr. Wilson Thursday. He is understood to agree with the President's opinion that the outlook for business is good. A different story will be told the president Wednesday by a delegation of Chicago business men. They plan to protest to him against certain features of the pending anti-trust measures.

"UNCLE JOE" HAS A RIVAL

Rich Danville Doctor Seeks G. O. P. Nomination for Congress. DANVILLE, Ill., July 6.—Dr. E. B. Cooley, a wealthy physician of Danville, Ill., today announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Congress in opposition to Joseph G. Cannon of the Eighteenth Illinois District. Dr. Cooley in making his announcement states that he is impelled to do so by the complaint that "Uncle Joe" is no longer in touch with the younger element in his district.

PLAGUE OUTLOOK BRIGHT

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Surgeon-General Blue of the Public Health Service today advised the Treasury Department that the bubonic plague situation in New Orleans does not justify the quarantine imposed by Costa Rica and Honduras, and that commerce may be resumed immediately with perfect safety.

Explosion Shakes Panama Town. COLON, July 6.—The explosion of a large quantity of dynamite today at Mindi, about five miles from Colon, shook the entire district, causing some-

thing of a panic in the towns and villages. As far as can be learned, only one man was killed.

One Minute Toothache Stick Stops toothache quick. All druggists, etc.

Max Weyl, Painter, Is Dead. WASHINGTON, July 6.—Max Weyl, the landscape painter, died here today, at the age of 77, after an illness of four months. His works are in

many American galleries and private collections and he won distinction as self taught.

See DEEMS, the Letter Man. For Mail Order Lists, etc. 720 Olive.

Woman Reports Theft of Dog. Mrs. A. de Cowey of Hot Springs, Ark., reported to the police that a brindle bull terrier was stolen from the express wagon of Thomas Cunningham of

3305 Morgan street, who had hauled her dog and trunk from 2414 Franklin avenue.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

Dies Four Days After Husband. LONDON, July 6.—Lady Jane Stony, widow of Sir Benjamin Stony, died today, four days after the death of her husband. She was seriously ill when Sir Benjamin succumbed.

Men and Young Men---Look! THIS IS OUR BIG \$17 SALE

OF

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits IT BEGINS TODAY---JULY 6

Sooner, Greater, More Value-Giving Than Ever Before

The sale that offers choice of finest Suits made by Hart Schaffner & Marx!

Bigger, better, more powerful than all other clothing sales combined!

The sale that hundreds of men and young men wait for every year!

\$30, \$27.50, \$25 and \$22.50 Grades for

Thousands of the smartest Spring and Summer Suits; all are of fine all-wool fabrics in a very great variety of patterns, colors and models. Newest Scotch weaves, cheviots, English worsteds, vicunas, homespuns, German soft weaves; unfinished and finished worsteds; Hockanum blues and blacks; silk mixtures, blue serges; blended grays, blues, browns, blacks and whites, blues and whites, Tartan checks and stripes, pencil stripes, club checks, mixtures, plaids, hairlines, two-tone chalk stripes. Models to suit every taste; English sacks, soft roll fronts, patch pockets, conservative sacks, 2, 3 and 4 button; double breasted, new Norfolks. Special styles for young men; lively, new models for the particular, snappy dressers. We can't tell the whole story here; you must see the Suits themselves to realize what extraordinary values they are at \$17.

\$17

You know the wonderful merits of these goods; for quality of materials, for style features, for excellence of tailoring they are supreme; for value in clothes they are without an equal in the clothing world. And, remember, every suit is backed by an unqualified guarantee of satisfaction, just the same as every other Suit bearing the HART SCHAFFNER & MARX label and our own. This guarantee applies equally as well for hard-to-fit men as all others; we make a specialty of fitting, without extra charge; tall men; short men, fat men, thin men, all men of unusual chest or waist measurement; special sizes for young men. There's no chance for disappointment or regret. It's a very remarkable sale of very remarkable values; \$30, \$27.50, \$25 and \$22.50 Suits, only \$17.

Hundreds of Trousers to Clear

They're the best Hart Schaffner & Marx make; all weaves, stripes, mixtures, plain colors, worsteds, cheviots, serges; many to match suits. The best trouser-buying chance of the season. In two lots—\$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9 trousers now clearing at... \$3.90 and \$4.90

Wolff's

WASHINGTON AV. AT BROADWAY

Goods Charged During This Sale Will Be Placed on August Account Upon Request.

Out-of-Town Customers

Are invited to take advantage of this sale. Send us your order by mail, including money order and description of kind of suit wanted, and your purchase will be delivered to your door free by parcel post—if you're not satisfied, upon receipt of suit, your money will be refunded without question.

\$21.40 Buffalo, Niagara Falls Toronto and Return



via Chicago, Detroit and Cleveland

On sale daily. Limit 30 days. Stopover at Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Niagara Falls and Buffalo. Good via Wabash to Niagara Falls and Buffalo, with option of going through Chicago. Also good on lake steamers, Detroit to Buffalo, direct or via Cleveland. To Toronto: Same as above to Niagara Falls, thence Niagara Gorge Route to Lewiston and Niagara Navigation Co. steamer to Toronto, or rail direct from Detroit.

\$16 Detroit and Return—Limit 30 Days

Good via Chicago, or direct to Detroit. From Detroit many side trips of one or two days are available by lake, river and rail at a nominal expense.

Particulars at WABASH TICKET OFFICE, 8th and Olive Sts.

or write J. D. McNamara, G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.



ARROW COLLARS DEVON

Arrow Collar styles are not only most correct, but the collars are the most durable and perfect fitting it is possible to produce.

2 for 25c.

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., Inc. Makers of Arrow Shirts TROY, N. Y.

"Elkhorn-Laclede"

COKE

SELLS \$5.75 PER
AT TON

30% Cheaper Than Hard Coal.
No Smoke—No Soot—No Dirt.

AT ALL DEALERS

It Takes a Long Time

For some property owners to learn how expensive it is to confine their operations to the window, instead of keeping their property listed in the POST-DISPATCH Real Estate Directory.

LENOX SOAP

CHEESE Finest Full Cream, fresh, 19c
RED SALMON Alaska Fish, Touring Car Brand, 15c val., 10c
PLUMS Extra fine fancy fruit; lowest price ever heard of; about 72 plums to the basket. **LARGE Basket, 25c**

BUTTER Right from the churn—finest sweet cream—every one guaranteed, fresh, 20c
EGGS Strictly Fresh, 20c
Puritan Flour Unadulterated, economical, 25c
PURE LEMON JUICE Large bottle, 42c. Medium bottle, 30c. Small bottle containing the juice of 8 large lemons, 7c.
Grape Juice Unfermented, non-alcoholic, 34c
HONEST WEIGHTS—HONEST MEASURES THESE 10c VALUE CAKES
Ginger Snaps, Spice Jumbles, lb. 5c
Sugar Creams, lb. 5c
Lasses Cookies, lb. 5c

THESE 10c & 15c VALUE CAKES
Macaroni Snaps, lb. 10c
Cocoanut Taffy, lb. 10c
Vanilla Wafers, lb. 10c
Graham Wafers, lb. 10c
Animal Crackers, lb. 10c
Fig Bars, lb. 10c

BOILED HAM Water sliced, very tasty, tender, lb. 27c
FRESH NECK Pork Chops, Special, lb. 14c
Brisket Corn Beef, thoroughly cooked, per lb. 10c
Wieners and Frankfurters, 14c
DOUBLE VALUE Kroger Coffee In every pound
Jewel Brand, 20c
Golden Santos, 23c
Waldorf Brand, 25c
French Brand, 29c

WALL PAPER Cleaner, Cleveland, Avondale, or Kroger, special 10c cans
Candies Parfaits, hand made, 5c
Ivory Starbush Best cold water, 8c
Palm Olive Soap Delightful for toilet, 15c bars, 9c

Witch Hazel Full strength, 12c
Peroxide of Hydrogen Large 16-cans, 10c
Orisoo For cooking, 23c
16oz worth of LAMB 35c
Rolls of Scotch 25c
Double pointed, 25c

Pork & Beans Country Club, in rich tomato sauce, 15c
Washolene A valuable washday help, 3c
Plato Syrup Large 10c value, 7c
Toothpicks Double pointed, 2c

Argo Starch Regular, 3c
Best Starch, 3 lbs. 10c
Water Melons Fine, ripe, sweet, each, 20c
Chicken Feed Best selected, 19c
DIAMOND A FRUIT CANS Made of heavy tin, lids that fit, dozen, 29c

Burnt Peanut Candy, 15c Val., Pound, 10c
Tropical Fruits, 10c
Butter Scotch, 10c

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\$165,000,000 NEEDED FOR BIG KANSAS HARVEST

Record Wheat Crop Valued at \$119,011,200 and Rest Is Required for Help.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
 TOPEKA, Kan., July 6.—Kansas has the biggest job on its hands right now. It has never encountered and financial men throughout the country are wondering what it is going to do with it. The job is the task of financing the Kansas wheat harvest, the largest acreage and the heaviest yield the State ever has known. It is estimated that close to \$165,000,000 is necessary to handle the big wheat crop, not including the value of the railroad equipment and elevators needed to take care of the grain or of the land values upon which it is grown.

The exact acreage of the Kansas wheat is not known and will not be known until the County Assessors make their reports. F. D. Coburn, secretary of the Board of Agriculture, estimated last fall that \$588,000 acres had been sown. In April, he estimated that about 250,000 bushels of wheat had been plowed up as worthless. Now, on the basis of the reports of every farmer in their counties and these reports indicate an increase of 10 per cent over the Coburn estimates. The acreage then would be around 3,000,000 to be harvested and threshed this summer and fall.

Yield Better Than 20 An Acre.
 The reports of actual threshing operations in the southern part of the state indicate a yield exceeding 20 bushels an acre. More than 100 reports from the farmers themselves on the actual threshing machine measurements show yields from 18 to 47 bushels an acre. Only two out of 100 reports showed yields of less than 18 bushels an acre and 70 per cent of the reports showed yields exceeding 25 bushels.

The railroad officials estimate that the actual yield will be 170,016,000 bushels. The Coburn report issued last Monday did not make any estimate of the yield but the condition and the acreage shown in that report indicated that the railroad men were not far off in their estimates. Here are detailed estimated figures on the financing of the 1914 Kansas wheat crop:

Value of the crop \$119,011,200
 Cost of the harvest 12,000,000
 Cost of the men and teams 5,000,000
 Freight charges 8,000,000
 New machinery 1,000,000
 Total cost \$165,011,200

Heavy Crop in Other States.
 This is for the Kansas harvest alone and does not take into consideration the harvest in Oklahoma and Nebraska, the other two hard winter wheat states. It is estimated that the Nebraska and Oklahoma crop will cost together about two-thirds as much as in Kansas, the two states growing about 80 per cent as much wheat as does Kansas.

A considerable part of this vast sum is an actual cash deal. No checks or drafts will fit the financing of a part of the Kansas wheat harvest and it is estimated that around \$40,000,000 in actual currency must be provided. The 47,000 harvest hands imported into the State are all "broke." They must have real money and the farmers must get it to pay them. The farmers in selling their wheat must get money to pay the threshers so the threshers can pay their hands in cash, and the railroads demand cash for the freight charges, as do the elevator men for handling the grain.

The machinery bill will still fall, as can the binding twine account. The bill for food for the men and feed for the teams can also wait for a time, as the machinery and twine are usually sold on 30 or 60 days, and the grocer's bill on 30 to 60 days.

Series Problem for State.
 But here was the problem of \$40,000,000 in actual cash being brought into Kansas for use within a period of 30 days at the most. By that time the returns from the wheat sold would be coming in to finance the rest of the threshing and the preparation of the ground for the coming crop. And Kansas was caught in the worst financial condition it has been in for several years. The 1913 crop was only half the usual crop and the corn and hay crops were partial failures. Much stock had been forced out of the State by the dry weather last summer and fall and the lack of feed during the winter.

Two of the big life insurance companies did a world of good in helping to finance the harvest. The two companies sent agents from New York with big credit accounts. These agents went to the banks in the wheat country and some personal loans outstanding in the banks. This turned \$20,000,000 or \$30,000,000 into the harvest funds to be loaned out to the farmers for 30, 60 and 90 days, and until they could sell their wheat. Some Kansas men sold every loan they owned on real estate, except those coming due in the next few months. Only State banks could take real estate loans.

FOR THAT TIRED FEELING
 Take Hovard's Acid Phosphate.
 Excellent for the relief of all cases of summer heat, overwork or insomnia. Cooling and refreshing.

Cruelty to Turkish Soldiers.
 CONSTANTINOPLE, July 4.—Soldiers in the infantry barracks lodged a protest with the Turkish War Department against the "barbarity" recently introduced of substituting a knife and fork for what they term "the ancient and honorable custom of eating with their fingers."

See DEEMS, the Letter Man, Addressing, Fine Printing, 125 Olive.

INVESTIGATORS DEMAND RETURN OF BANK'S DIVIDENDS

Would Compel Directors and Stockholders of Defunct Institution to Refund Cash.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
 BROOKHAVEN, Miss., July 6.—Three nonresident business men who were appointed to investigate the affairs of the defunct Commercial Bank and Trust Co. have filed a report with Chancellor P. Z. Jones in which they recommend that the directors and stockholders of the bank be forced to return to the receivers considerable sums of money that were obtained without authority or by illegal transactions.

The first recommendation concerns three dividend payments amounting to \$1,400 which, the examiners say, were disbursed without the authority of the stockholders or board of directors. Adjustment of amounts received and paid out during the last few days of the bank's business are ordered, at the cost of several of the larger business concerns of the community and to the benefit of several small depositors. Also some large amounts that were transferred to other banks by telegraph just before the collapse must be returned. Apparently the most serious charge concerns the transaction connected with 20 shares of stock in the Bank of Meadville which the Mississippi competition law bars as property of this bank. This was acquired through a dummy transaction participated in by the nine directors and the examiners suggest that the directors be sued for the amounts set forth in their individual notes that figured in the transaction. The discharge of the bank's attorney, who also is a director, is recommended and a suggestion is made that his fees be materially reduced.

TORPEDOES CAUSE INJURY
 Man Jumps, Falls and Hits Head on Curbing.

Charles Casabolt, 45 years old, of 2304 Sidney street, a draftsman, is at the city hospital suffering from concussion of the brain.
 He was walking on Sidney street between Missouri and Indiana avenues, Saturday morning, when several boys began to explode torpedoes. In trying to jump out of the way of one he slipped and fell into the gutter, his head striking the curbing.

MAID: My money is safe. I'm investing in a diamond at Lott's Bros. National Credit Jewelers, 24 floor, 308 N. Sixth st.

Store in her Stockings.
 PARIS, July 6.—A sidewalk cover, a tablecloth, a piece of embroidery, three yards of lace, two yards of muslin and six pairs of gloves were found in the stockings of a shopgirl suspected of theft.

Hay's Hair Health

Restores natural and youthful color and beauty to grey or faded hair. Positively removes dandruff—promotes a thick healthy growth—keeps hair soft and glossy. Is not a dye.

Your money back (if not satisfactory, \$2.00 & 41c all return). For trial send 10c and dealer's name to John Hay & Sons, Inc., New York, N. Y.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

JOHN T. SLUGGETT, JR.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

9th District
 PRIMARIES, AUGUST 4th
 Headquarters 1040 PIERCE BUILDING

BE SURE TO ATTEND THE

ALTERATION SALE

of Our Entire Stock of Shoes

For Men, Women, Boys and Girls.

As a value-giving event it totally eclipses any shoe sale this city has ever seen.

No odd lots or job lots. Just our own regular staple stock.

BRANDT'S

THE PLEETAL SHOE HOUSE

616-618 WASHINGTON AV.

If You Value Your Negatives

Take Them to a Safe Place to Be Developed and Printed

Developing is the most important process of photography; a print can be made ever, but an error in developing can never be corrected; therefore we employ only expert photographers in our developing rooms who take the minutest care with every single negative. (Mail orders solicited.)

Erker Bros. Optical Co.

608 Olive Street
 West End Store, 511 N. Grand Av.

Idle Persons Have No Time to Help. Church, Olney Hill, who wants help with people need offer; those who are idle LONDON, July 6.—The vicar of Christ certain parish work, says: "Only busy busy have no time to spare."

Garlands Sweeping Choice-of-House Clearance Suits, Dresses, Gowns, Coats, Capes.

Offers you absolute, outright choice of every remaining Silk and Cloth Suit, formerly \$15.00, \$25.00 and up to \$75.00. Every remaining Silk Dress and Gown, formerly \$20.00, \$35.00 and up to \$69.50. Every remaining Silk and Cloth Coat and Cape, formerly \$15.00, \$20.00 and up to \$75.00

at \$5, \$10 and \$15

If you can use another Suit, Coat or Dress—if you have any idea of adding another one or two to your wardrobe—if you have daughters 14 to 20 that would like another Party or Dance Frocks, a smart tailor-made, a Coat or Cape for the cool summer evenings DON'T MISS THIS SALE. And remember the \$50.00, \$65.00 and \$75.00 garments will be shown just as cheerfully as those at \$39.50, \$35.00 and \$25.00. All go at the prices named—\$15.00, \$10.00 and \$5.00.

The Suits

147 Suits formerly \$12.50 to \$16.50 \$5.00

Silk lined, blue and black serges, smart tailored models, some with neat trimming touches, buttons, etc.

239 Suits formerly \$22.50 to \$39.50 \$10.00

Tailored and novelty styles, made of wool poplin, bayadere cords, gaberdines and silk. A wonderful assortment.

98 Suits formerly \$45.00 to \$75.00 \$15.00

Paris model suits and replicas of imported models, rich silks, wool cords, finest serges and gaberdines, elaborately trimmed. Only one or two of a kind, but all sizes.

Coats and Capes

\$12.50 to \$18.50 Coats for \$5.00

Serges, checks, stripes and fancies, in all lengths, a wide range of colors and styles; some plain, others plain.

\$22.50 to \$75.00 Coats and Capes

\$10.00 and \$15.00

This gives you choice of all remaining imported Capes, Evening Wraps, Silk and Cloth Coats, Country Club Capes. About 150 all together. Shop early for best choice.

Dresses and Gowns

Street and Afternoon Dresses, Party Frocks, Dinner and Evening Gowns—all in 3 lots—\$5.00, \$10.00 and \$15.00.

Summer Dresses

Radical Reductions in All Lines

\$4 and \$5 Summer Dresses, \$1.98

Dimities, Crepes and Lawns; cool, serviceable Dresses; reduced to.....

\$7.90 to \$9.90 Dresses, \$5.00

Crepes, voiles and combinations of Ratine and Voile, in a wide range of styles, reduced to.....

\$12.50 to \$15 Summer Dresses, \$10

Dainty Batistes and Lingeries, trimmed and combined with laces and embroidery, 30 styles, reduced to.....

THOMAS W. GARLAND

409-411-413 Broadway

What to Avoid in Hot Weather

Carelessness Causes Many Ills.

Avoid iced drinks, impure water, unripe food, and eat sparingly of meat. In hot weather excessive thirst causes many people to indulge in iced drinks and other liquids injurious to the delicate tissues of the stomach. Physicians are unanimous in declaring that iced drinks, impure water and unripe food cause the major portion of such distressing ills as Diarrhoea, Cholera, Morbus, Typhoid, Cramps and stomach aches prevalent at this season. If you would avoid these distressing complaints begin at once the use of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. It is conceded by many physicians to be a most valuable disease preventative. If taken in tablespoonful doses in equal amounts of water or milk before meals and on retiring you can be reasonably sure of protection from disease incident to summer weather. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is absolutely pure, being made from clean, selected grain, thoroughly malted. Its freedom from injurious substances renders it so that it can be retained by the most sensitive stomach. Don't fail to have Duffy's at hand at all times. It is your nearest doctor in case of emergency. Follow the example of thousands of others. "Get Duffy's and Keep Well." Duffy's is sold in sealed bottles only, \$1.00, and is obtainable at most druggists, grocers and dealers. Write for medical booklet. The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.



Northern Pacific Vacation Land

For those who seek the solace of mountain fastnesses, the lure of the sunny tribes in lakes and streams, the awe inspiring phenomena of nature, the thrill of the ever changing panorama of mountain and plain or sea and sky.

Minnesota Lakes Daily Pullmans and Weekly Personally Escorted Excursions

COOLING BREEZES The thousands of beautiful lakes and the streams abound, in gamey fish—pike, black bass, crappies, muskellunge, pickerel, trout, etc. Camping and Outing Resorts where the appetite grows and fun and fishing restore to the pale cheek its accustomed healthy color, are easily reached by convenient and Automatic Block Signal train service of the

Northern Pacific Ry. Normal trains each way daily from St. Paul-Minneapolis and Duluth-Superior. "MINNESOTA LAKES" 1914 edition, well illustrated and with numerous maps and cover in handsome colors, describes the numerous OUTING spots, lakes, trails and routes, how reached, kinds of fish, etc., sent on request by

Two through trains daily from Chicago and St. Paul-Minneapolis one from St. Louis-Kansas City and Omaha; to North Pacific Coast and intermediate points.

The North Pacific Coast Abounds in attractive scenery. Mountain and forest, valley and peak, river and lake, sound and ocean, city and hamlet, minister to the pleasure and betterment of humanity. The Coast Line is one of much variety. The deep indentations—bays, straits and sounds—supplemented by beaches of white, hard sand miles in length, are broken at intervals by tree covered bluffs and rocky precipices with projecting reefs of most peculiar forms. The traveler to the North Pacific Coast should spend some time at these Washington and Oregon beaches, or at the numerous mountain resorts of the Puget Sound and Columbia River region.

Frequent Northern Pacific Train Service from and to the Coast cities. Descriptive folders of these localities sent on request by

D. B. GARDNER, D. F. A., 206 Central National Bank Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

of former President William Howard Taft: "What can be done towards peace?"

It also bears the British delegates' reply, "Let the nations combine to prevent the horrors of war."

Man Shot by Deputy Dlee.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 6.—Alf Pickens of Casnovia, Mo. was shot Saturday night by Deputy Sheriff Puttenbaugh, who was trying to arrest him on a charge of chicken stealing, died yesterday afternoon.

The Help Question
 In St. Louis Is Solved Through Post-Dispatch Wants
 Help Want Ads During June:
Post-Dispatch . . . 8411
 Globe-Democrat and
 Republic COMBINED . . . 7620
 St. Louis' ONE BIG Want Medium

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Four Combined Don't Compare!
 Business Chance "Wants" During June:
Post-Dispatch . . . 2914
 GLOBE-DEMOCRAT,
 REPUBLIC
 TIMES and
 STAR
 Combined 1975
 Behind the Record—RESULTS!

PAGES 11-18.

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 6, 1914.—PART TWO.

PAGES 11-18.

GOV. HAYES FIDDLES AS GOV. MAJOR DANCES

Strains of "The Arkansas Traveler" Starts Fun in the Executive Mansion.
 JEFFERSON CITY, July 6.—While Gov. B. W. Hayes of Arkansas charmed the luring strains of "The Arkansas Traveler," Gov. Elliott W. Major called the figures and led the turn of a waltzing dance that changed the party of the Executive Mansion into the merriest of glee Saturday night.
 The occasion was a public reception at the mansion given by Gov. and Mrs. Major in honor of Gov. Hayes and party who are returning from San Francisco where they went to select a site for the Arkansas building at the Panama Ex-

SALEM FIRE SUFFERERS TO GET NO FEDERAL AID

House Appropriation Committee Rejects \$200,000 Relief Plan Favored by President.
 WASHINGTON, July 6.—The \$200,000 appropriation for the aid of the Salem fire sufferers, asked by President Wilson in a message to Congress last Friday, was refused today by the House Appropriation Committee.
 The majority of the committee contended that Massachusetts was able to take care of the situation, and that Federal appropriation was unnecessary. Representatives Pheland and Gillett, the Massachusetts members of the committee, and five others, voted for it.

HENDERSON SAYS DRUMMOND JONES MUST AVOID HIM

Lawyer Says He Is Not Looking for Trouble From Tennis Champion.

THEY FIGHT AT A DANCE
 Henderson Regrets He Struck Jones in Presence of Women at Sunset Hill Club.

FORCIBLE FEEDING IS OPPOSED BY BISHOP

"Incompatible With Christian Civilization," He Writes After Investigating Jail Conditions.
 LONDON, July 6.—The Bishop of London, who recently visited Holloway jail to investigate the condition of the imprisoned suffragettes, writes a long letter to the Times explaining his attitude on the suffrage question. He says he is strongly opposed to militancy, but is anxious that the Government's own weapon should not be tainted, therefore he strongly opposes forcible feeding and believes it should cease.
 He contends that all analogies drawn from the forcible feeding of insane prisoners are false when applied to the resisting and struggling women and that the process is "incompatible with Christian civilization."
 In conclusion the Bishop says: "Our sympathy should go out to the great law-abiding women who for years have endeavored to obtain the vote by constitutional means."
 See DEEMS, the Letter Man.
 For Facsimile Letters, etc. 720 Olive st.

STATE OFFICIAL HELD FOR HUNTING VIOLATION

John H. Nolen Said to Have Admitted He Had Not Obtained 1914 License.
 JEFFERSON CITY, July 6.—John H. Nolen, State Commissioner of Land Reclamation, a \$2500 appointee of Gov. Major, was arrested Saturday by John O. Leslie, Deputy Game and Fish Warden, for hunting without a license.
 Leslie said a friend told him Saturday that Nolen had gone hunting without a license and he decided to meet the Re-

clamation Commissioner at the train on his return. Nolen was not on the evening train Saturday, but Judge Fred Williams, Commissioner of the Supreme Court, told Leslie he had seen Nolen leave the train in the yards, where it stopped to switch. Leslie found Nolen waiting for a street car to go to his home.
 Leslie made complaint to Prosecuting Attorney Lay, who said today he would file information in the Circuit Court, charging Nolen with violating the game law.
 The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

Take a 40c Tin Humidor of Tuxedo along

In comes Summer—vacation time—and that old lazy, yawny feeling. Makes a man get out his pipe, puff away and start dreaming of good times to come. Air's mighty sweet in his nostrils—and so is Tuxedo, too. A grand old tobacco to dream over on days of rest and recreation.

Tuxedo

The new Tuxedo 40c Tin Humidor is a vacation necessity. At the beach, in the mountains, on the farm—wherever you go, this handsome, convenient, air-tight humidor will keep a handy supply of Tuxedo for you, in fresh, delicious condition.

Tuxedo is made from the choicest selected crops of old Kentucky Burley—the cream leaves of each golden season—ripe, mellow, fragrant—and above all—mild.
 Treated by the original Tuxedo process so that it can't bite. We've had imitators galore, but the original Tuxedo process is still the best, as it was the first, in the field.

You Can Buy Tuxedo Everywhere
 In 40c Tin Humidors
 Also in 80c Tin Humidors
 Current pouch, inner-lined with moisture-proof paper. 5c Famous green tin with gold lettering, curved to fit pocket. 10c
 In Glass Humidors 50c and 90c
 THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



W. W. Henderson, attorney and champion chicken raiser, was not belligerent Monday when he learned that Drummond Jones, feed mill manufacturer and champion tennis player, was predicting that there would be a third round to their progressive fist fight, which started more than 18 months ago.
 "Any man can make me run around the block," said Henderson. "I am not looking for trouble. I only want to say that Jones must keep away from me. I don't want to fight, and I don't want to have to run around the block."
 Henderson would not even consider the possibility of a third round.
 The second round had an impromptu staging at the Sunset Hill Country Club at 2 a. m. Saturday, when Jones and Henderson pummeled each other in the presence of many club members, their wives and sweethearts who were attending a dinner dance given to usher in the Fourth of July.
 The personal feud between Jones and Henderson started in December, 1913, when their automobiles collided at Washington boulevard and King's highway, and Henderson's daughter was injured. Henderson jumped from his machine and struck Jones.
 "I could lick Drummond Jones with my hands tied behind me," said Henderson to a reporter, "but I don't want to have to do it. I feel very badly about losing my temper as I did the other night. And yet I feel that I had a real grievance."
 "When Jones ran his automobile into mine he injured my daughter so badly that she was in the hospital for weeks. He not only refused to apologize, but he showed no further interest or sympathy while my daughter was under treatment. I obtained a judgment against him, about \$500, not because I wanted his money, but to prove that he was in the wrong."
 "He sat at my table three times at the Sunset Hill Country Club Saturday morning. The first time I arose and said, 'Mr. Jones, I can't sit at the same table with you.' I then left the table."
 "He sat at the table again while I was not there. When he took a seat at the table a third time I could restrain myself no longer. I rose, intending to follow him out, but I lost my temper and struck him. He deserved what he got, but I regret that I set my foot myself as to start a fight in the presence of ladies."
 At the Sunset Hill Country Club Henderson became angry when Jones took a seat at a table where Henderson and a party of friends were sitting. He pushed back his chair, walked over to Jones and struck him. They clinched and pummeled each other until waiters and others pulled them apart.
 Jones later said he was not looking for trouble when he sat down at the table for a moment after dancing with one of the young women in Henderson's party. He said Henderson struck him without warning and he fought back in self-defense, landing several telling blows on Henderson's face and stomach.
 While saying he had no disposition to look for further trouble, Jones added that something was likely to happen the first time he meets Henderson.

DR. PALMORE BURIAL TO BE AT MALTA BEND, MO.

Leader in Southern M. E. Church Dies in Richmond, Va.—Leaves Much Property.
 The body of the Rev. Dr. William B. Palmore, editor of the St. Louis Christian Advocate and leader in the Methodist Church, South, who died Sunday in Richmond, Va., will be buried in Malta Bend, Mo. It was planned Monday by Dr. Palmore's Richmond relatives to hold the funeral service there, before the body is sent West.
 Dr. Palmore was 70 years old and was unmarried. He had considerable property and had undertaken the support of a number of children, students in different church institutions in this and other countries. He was a tireless traveler and investigator of conditions, and had visited nearly every country in the world. He was a leader in the Prohibition party, and declined its nomination for Vice-President of the United States in 1908.
 DICK: An "honest face" (that's you) and a dollar or two (that's my) will buy a diamond at Loftis Bros. & Co.

DUKE'S FORTUNE SMALL

Emperor Makes Annual Allowance of \$20,000 to Children.
 VIENNA, July 6.—It is said that Emperor Francis Joseph has granted an annual allowance of \$20,000 to the children of the late Archduke. It is estimated that the Archduke's fortune was under \$400,000, insufficient for the upkeep of his castle, which must, therefore, be sold.

\$12-Niagara Falls & Return—\$12 July 11, via Clover Leaf Route.



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An automobile tire must "stand up" and "deliver" mileage enough to justify its first cost, or its first cost at any price is a joke.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER, Dec. 12, 1878.
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.,
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Daily without Sunday, one year, \$10.00
Sunday only, one year, \$5.00
By carrier in St. Louis and suburbs, per
month, 35 cents; by mail, 40 cents.
Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class
matter.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

Before Going Away

Don't forget to have the POST-DISPATCH follow you by mail. Change the address as often as you please. To be happy and contented you must have your home news. Mail post card or phone.

POST-DISPATCH Circulation Dept.
Phones, Olive—6800—Central.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

A Sincere Educator Wronged.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
A very stupid falsehood, often repeated, has just been exposed. Though Prof. Hyslop withdrew from Columbia University solely on account of impaired health, some malicious idiots circulated a report that he had resigned from the university because of his interest in psychic research. There had been pressure to compel him to resign. The president of the university now declares, in a signed letter, that the statement that Hyslop's personal beliefs as to psychic research, his interest in that subject, had anything to do with his resignation from the teaching staff of Columbia is a grotesque absurdity. Hyslop left Columbia with the good will of everybody there. David's census of liars was an exaggeration, but certainly there is a round number of them, even to this day. Hyslop is all right.

D. P.
"Show Us."
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
Will our splendid men of Missouri show us that they believe their wives, mothers, sweethearts and sisters are just as brainy and capable of using the ballot as the women of other states who have preceded our own grand Missouri? We believe in the pride of our men. We do not think they will longer allow us to plead from street corners, highways and halls. They will cast their votes in behalf of suffrage this fall, making us more than proud by a sweeping victory—Statewide.

MRS. KATHERINE PARKER.
The Devil-Grinder.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

With the advent of summer has come back the devil-grinder, the remarkable, juvenile vehicle pushed by the motor of a single foot. The noise it makes on the grand old city is a horrible emission of the mixed sounds of rattling and grinding, easily distinguished at a distance of two blocks. It is an evolution of the roller-skate, which has long been forbidden by law as a nuisance, but the skate is comparatively noiseless. The effect upon sick persons or upon workers who have to sleep during the day may be imagined. The devil-grinder, except all other instruments of torture, but it is the kids' delight and he believes it necessary. He realizes how much it excels the ice wagon, the auto noises and all other sounds, and he is happy. A rumor has been spread that a policeman has ordered the devil-grinder, and that the Juvenile Court is not opposed to it. Before the summer is over every grand old sidewalk in the city will doubtless have its quota of devil-grinders, with all that this implies. SOUNDS

St. Louis Progress.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
St. Louis is receiving a tremendous lot of advertising through its fly crusade. The illustrated article in the Post-Dispatch last week regarding the more than 5,000,000 flies caught by the Health Department in St. Louis traps has been copied and commented on all over the country.

I have come in contact with traveling men the past few days who have asked me to tell all about what we are doing here to kill the fly. This certainly shows what can be done when a city starts out to do things the way St. Louis has lately—first the Pageant, then the new charter, now a "Flyless St. Louis" and next the free bridge.

POST-DISPATCH ADMIRER.
Stick to the Ballot.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I have this to say after reading your editorial concerning Mr. Roosevelt in last night's paper: It is indeed unfortunate that we have here in America yellow papers that are fighting every honest man that is striving to solve the problems that confront us today.

You are only hastening the day when we workingmen will be forced to resort to stronger means than the ballot to proclaim our rights. The following is from an address delivered before the Progressive Club:
"The so-called Democratic and Republican papers are fighting us on every hand, they haven't the courage to print the truth about the Progressive party, they (the papers) are afraid of the crowd that controls them, they talk and chatter about policy; that's all, they haven't any policy, they are simply tools in the hands of their masters."

I challenge them to come out in the open and fight an honest principled battle, then come a running.

THOMAS R. HAZARD.

14 STATES RENOUNCED PROHIBITION.
From the Boston Globe.
West Virginia has begun her experiment with State-wide prohibition.

She joins the dry column, which now includes Georgia, Kansas, Maine, Mississippi, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma and Tennessee. Total rises from eight to nine.

Forteen States, however, have repealed laws passed to prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors, after finding them unsatisfactory, and it would not be at all surprising if West Virginia returned by-and-by to some form of local option, like our own, with strict regulation under high license.

THE ST. LOUIS GOAL.

The most important suggestion in Maxime Reber's report on transportation problems is that the city construct a municipal loop downtown to be used as a terminal by urban and inter-urban street railway lines.

The suggestion is not new, but for the first time has a practical value, because the new charter gives the city power to construct and operate a street railway line.

Among the first fruits of our new powers should be this municipal loop. It should be built as soon as practicable, because it is needed now to bring East Side lines into the heart of the downtown district. Through a municipal loop the East St. Louis & Suburban could bring its St. Louis passengers from the thickly populated East Side into St. Louis, instead of landing them on the Eads Bridge. Through a municipal loop East Side lines could be brought into the city over the free bridge when it is completed. It would supply the place of the Southern Traction loop. The McKinley system could use it to advantage, and it would give opportunity for the United Railways to get a better terminus for some of its lines.

Mr. Reber had other valuable practical suggestions for the improvement of the United Railways service which should be acted upon. It is a pity his work was checked by the House of Delegates. We need now more than ever a thorough understanding of the city's transportation problems. What under the old charter were mere formulated visions and desires may under the new charter become realities. We can get what we want.

We should utilize the new charter powers for the public welfare. We should plan wisely and carefully and carry out the plans. Within a few years St. Louis can be made one of the most beautiful cities and one of the most desirable places of residence in the Union. We can have cheap and adequate public service of all kinds and every desirable improvement. The city beautiful and desirable is our goal.

HUERTA'S SUNDAY "ELECTION."
Huerta apparently hoped to validate the acts of his dictatorship, and especially its acts involving the country's credit, by having himself "elected" President at an "election" in which his foes couldn't and his adherents wouldn't participate.

There is method in his madness; it is not the whimsical performance of an irresponsible despot. He is advised by foreign influences whose purposes are adverse to the lofty aims declared by President Wilson, concerning Mexico, in his independence day address at Philadelphia.

This make-believe "election" will figure in the final adjustment of foreign claims against the next responsible Government of Mexico.

A CHANCE FOR THE RIVER.
On July 10, it is announced, the first of the new self-driven steel barges built by John H. Bernhardt near New Orleans for American river traffic will arrive in St. Louis with a cargo of coffee.

It is promised that these barges, adapted to river carrying and operating at low cost, will restore the Mississippi to usefulness as a traffic highway. The typical barge is 240 feet long, 32 feet beam, draws six feet of water, carries 100 tons of freight, travels upstream five miles an hour and requires a crew of only seven men.

St. Louis, largest city on the largest river in North America, gets little or no service from that river. At no place on its 20 miles of river frontage has it equipment for taking freight by machinery from vessel to car—an astounding deficiency in contrast with what might be and ought to be.

Fortunately the new charter gives the city ample power to provide, own and operate modern wharves equipped with machinery to meet this need. If private capital, fearing the displeasure of competing railroads, hesitates to enter the field, no such fear need withhold the city from doing the work on its own account.

FRANCIS JOSEPH'S LIFE TRAGEDY.

The tragedy of the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand at Sarajevo, for which Austria mourns, is not in the violent death of the unfortunate nobleman and his wife. The real tragedy, moving the sympathies of gods and men, lies in the heart of that broken and crushed old man, who, for more than thirty years, has been Austria's ruler.

When Francis Joseph came to the throne in 1848 as the leading representative of the proud house in Europe, he was only 19 years old. The first year of his reign saw the Hungarian revolt heartily crushed, the Austrian empire stronger than ever. Francis Joseph's domains extended eastward to Asia and southward through the fertile valleys of Northern Italy. Francis Joseph was dominant in German politics, the most dreaded and powerful ruler in Europe.

Yet Francis Joseph has lived to see his Italian possessions wrested from his grasp. He has seen his proudest armies humbled by the arrogant Prussian. He has seen Austria kicked out of the confederation of German states. He has found his dreams of a Germanic empire shattered through the hands of his Hungarian and Slav subjects. Instead of reigning autocratically over imperial Austria, he reigns over a limited dual monarchy. And today he can see nothing on the horizon but discontent and political turmoil.

Disaster and disgrace have stricken his own family. Once he himself has been attacked by a murderer, and his wife, from whom he was estranged, fell by an assassin's hand. His only son was found dead in the arms of a mistress, either murdered or himself a murderer and suicide. His brother was placed against a wall and slain by a firing squad of soldiers. One by one members of his household have contracted marriages that forfeited their standing at court. Two

or three have died by their own hands and two have been burned to death. His beloved nephew, the Archduke Johann, has been mysteriously missing for many years. And now, crowning calamity, the one man to whom Francis Joseph looked for the perpetuation of Austria's power and the continuance of the house of Hapsburg has been slain.

It is difficult not to look with pity upon the poor old monarch, surely as wretched as ever was King Lear. His reign was begun in blood and tyranny and tears. His ear could not catch the appeals from the Hungarian patriots who were hanged and shot for their patriotism, nor could they hear the sobs of Hungarian women as they were flogged in the streets at the command of "Butcher" Haynau. And yet there is something inexpressibly pathetic in the Francis Joseph of today. True to the traditions of his imperial house, he has clung to autocracy when the minds of men were turning as never before to democracy. He has attempted to establish a homogeneous empire out of heterogeneous peoples. And today he stands alone, his proud ambitions shattered, his hopes sunk in despair.

THE PANAMA "REVOLUTION."

The Sunday Post-Dispatch printed a detailed history of the Panama "revolution"—from the time Mr. Roosevelt first sent his military spies into the isthmus to the time that an officer of the United States Army raised the flag of a fake republic over pillered territory.

In a recent public statement James T. Dubois, former American Minister to Colombia, said in reply to Mr. Roosevelt's assertion that "the people of Panama were a unit in demanding the revolution." "I say and can prove it that a handful of men, who were to be the direct beneficiaries of the revolution, conceived it and not the hundredth part of the inhabitants of the isthmus knew of the revolt until an American officer in the uniform of the United States Army, raised the flag of the new republic."

Every word and every syllable of Mr. Dubois' indictment is true. What took place in Panama was no more a revolution than a train robbery is a revolution. It was a sordid, cash register commercial conspiracy, backed by the Roosevelt administration. The revolution was bought and paid for. Treason was purchased in the open market, and the forces of the United States Government were employed to enable the buyers and the bought to get away with the loot.

There is no other such shameful chapter in the history of the United States and whoever reads the ghastly narrative of this so-called revolution will understand why it is impossible to arbitrate the differences between the United States and Colombia.

The United States could not go into court with such a case. It could not permit this scandalous record to be submitted to the scrutiny of any legal tribunal. There could be only one verdict, and that verdict would stand forever against the American Government in the courts of international justice.

There is only one way to deal with Colombia's grievances and the bitter Latin-American hostility toward the United States which were bred out of the action of the Roosevelt administration at Panama. That is to settle the case out of court by the regular process of diplomatic negotiations, as Mr. Wilson and Mr. Bryan have undertaken to do. This is the policy that Senator Root inaugurated when he was Mr. Roosevelt's Secretary of State. It is the policy that Mr. Taft and Mr. Knox followed. If this is "blackmail" as Mr. Roosevelt alleges, then he and Mr. Root, as well as Mr. Taft and Mr. Knox were offering to pay blackmail to Colombia. The crime of blackmail hinges on the nature of the transaction, not on the amount of money to be paid.

GOOD HEART, BAD HEAD.

As American Minister to Greece, George Fred Williams made a fatal blunder by dabbling in Balkan politics. Criticizing the European powers and trying to manage Albania was as far from diplomacy and the ministerial proprieties as a course of conduct could be. His resignation is imperative.

It is impossible, however, not to sympathize with the humane impulse of the man who was moved by Balkan atrocities and the ruthless conduct of European statesmen to pity so profound that it led him to violate all the diplomatic rules.

Mr. Williams' heart is better than his head.

CHEER UP, BROTHERS, AND GET BUSY.

St. Louis Labor, Socialist weekly paper that fought the new city charter vigorously, upon the mistaken ground that it was desired by the Big Cinc, still hugs that quaint delusion to its bosom and refuses to be comforted. These are its headlines over its report of the charter election:

Big Cinc Charter Carried by 2681 Majority.
The 25th—the millionaires—ward gave plurality of 3844 for the big city charter with but 408 votes against it. The class interests involved in this political struggle strikingly illustrated by the returns from 23 wards. In spite of seven daily papers, the three capitalist political party machines, the Mayor and Archbishop, the hired lackeys of capitalism and some of the dupes in our working class ranks, the Big Cinc get the bare majority of 2681 in a total of 30,997 votes. Reedy's Mirror, the other conspicuous journalist opponent of the new charter, takes its defeat more philosophically, saying:

"The charter adopted is one we can all live under and work under to the greater honor and glory of St. Louis. It is good enough for the majority; therefore it should be good enough for the losers. It has its good points and its bad, but in the main it is the 'something new' that most of us wanted, and now that we have it let us make the best of it."

One voter is no better or worse, politically, than another, in the good city of St. Louis. A majority of all the voters taking part in this election decided to give the city all the modern devices of efficient government conferred in the new charter. The majority did not believe it to be a Big Cinc charter. The majority knew it to be an anti-Big Cinc charter, and that is why they adopted it.

St. Louis Labor should cheer up, like its contemporary, the Mirror, and encourage its readers to help their townsmen to make the new charter's broadly democratic tendencies as quickly as possible effective for the general welfare.



"YOU'RE TOO BIG TO HAVE A CONSCIENCE!"

JUST A MINUTE.

Written for the Post-Dispatch by Clark McAdams.



MR. ANTWERP ON GASOLINE ENGINES.

"I WOULD have more faith in an aeroplane crossing the Atlantic if it was driven by something a little more stable than a gasoline engine," Mr. Antwerp said. "From what I have seen of gasoline engines here in the Ozarks, they are neither so reliable as the steam engines which drive the big ocean liners between Europe and America nor so dependable as the winds which brought Christopher Columbus to these shores from Spain. It may be that Lieut. Porte has a different kind of gasoline engine than we ordinarily see around here on automobiles, motorcycles and feed-cutting machines, but I see he has put two of them in his aeroplane, so I reckon they are all alike. As far as I can make out now, he is trying to find out how he can be sure of making one run when the other won't. I would feel a little better about it if he had six. Out of so many he ought to be reasonably sure of finding one that would run while the other five wouldn't. One in two is what I call a pretty desperate chance."

The mail carrier drove up in his automobile, and amused everybody around the store trying to start it again. They all climbed down from the porch and tried their hands at spinning the fly-wheel. Finally the postmaster turned the trick, and the mail carrier disappeared in what vehicles usually disappear in.

"There you are," said Mr. Antwerp. "Say that fellow had been over midocan and his engine had stopped. Here, of course, with a well of cool water around the house and the cross-roads store crammed with provisions, there is no great harm done. But think of the sea—vast and for the most part without any islands in it. I sometimes think the Lieutenant will make it, but I find when I am optimistic I am always thinking about parts of the aeroplane other than the gasoline engine. That is, looking at the model of the boat, the spread of wing and the different kinds of patent fins, it looks easy; but when I think of spark plugs, carburetors, climers, coils, clutches, gasoline pipes, and the thousand and one things I hear spoken of when we try to make a gasoline engine go around here, I somehow feel that it can't be done. Hello! the wood saw engine has stopped again. Let's all go out and see if we can start it!"

Never Lucking.
The cost of foodstuffs soars apace; it is a pity; And yet men somehow find enough To feed the kiddy.

To get cheap food and meat each day A man will dicker; And yet he somehow finds enough To buy good liquor.

A man will go to every play That haunts his section; And grumbles if he has to pay A church collection.

He grows at wife's dressmakers' bills; When he pays such; But those who've seen her these days know She don't wear much.

His children and his wife are gaunt; His dog is lean; But he always has the ready dough For gasoline.

St. Louis and Kansas City's Powers.

From the Kansas City Times.

Says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch: "St. Louis, by adopting the new charter, . . . will possess the power to buy or build, own and operate any and all public utilities and to take over the Missouri Constitution to prevent any city from taking over its public utilities as long as the bonds are secured only by the property and income of the city, taken, and are not made a charge against the general property of the city."

To make assurance doubly sure in Kansas City's case, a Constitutional amendment is pending, to be voted on next November, that will specifically permit Kansas City to purchase public utilities by issuing its bonds against only the property and income of the plant.

One impelling reason for the attempt to put over this Metropolitan franchise at a greatly inflated capital value is to make it impossible or disadvantageous for the city to take over the street railway service at any time.

ROAD MIRRORS.

From the Boston Globe.

The municipality of Bombay, in India, has decided to place mirrors at dangerous junctions of highways so that drivers of automobiles may see on approaching such junctions whether other vehicles are coming from the rear. The plan is not new, for it has been tried out in England, where, according to reports, a distinct success has been achieved.

Mirrors in English towns are usually placed at junctions of highways. The Indian city will erect one, at the junction of Gamdevi road and Hughes road, 510 feet.

Many American motorists now carry useful little looking glasses, which show cars coming up from behind, but they cannot peer around sharp corners ahead with them.

WASH YOUR LETTUCE.

From the Evening Wisconsin.

At 68 cents a head in Brooklyn a few days ago Louis Wildner, 24 years of age, died from arsenical poisoning traced to the eating of salad. The lettuce from which the salad was made had been sprinkled by the farmer who grew it with an arsenical insecticide and enough of this to poison the eaters had remained on the leaves when they reached the consumer's table. Several persons fell victims in different degrees to the dangerous salad, and Mrs. Wildner, the wife of the dead man, may not survive. There ought to be the most rigid precautions to prevent accidents like this.

Keep This in Mind.
From the Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.
Those who enjoy precision of language should remember, in this trying weather, the remark of the prim preceptor to her feminine pupils: "Honest sweat, men perspire, but young ladies get into a gentle glow."

Did't Know He Was Dead.
From the Linton Daily Citizen.
That black note paper and red ink which London faddists are using must look like the regulation mourning for the devil.

ANSWERS TO QUERIES

CLEANSING.

R. E. Try peroxide of hydrogen on your Palm Beach ink stain. A horn dropped on a spot from which color has been taken is said to restore. Baking soda with water also mentioned.

ANXIOUS—Sewing machine oil. A latter made of white turpentine, water and ammonia is good; but the material is colored, care must be taken in its use or the ammonia will wash the color.

CANT WEAR IT—Ice cream. Sponges with chloroform or turpentine. When this dries, rub in French chalk to get out the fatty portion of the cream. Leave the chalk on all night. Egg stain: Wash stain with a piece of absorbent cotton. Stains: Sponges with turpentine and alcohol, and should they be rubbed into them, while wet, all cream of tartre, then wash with turpentine. Then pour a thin stream of water through the turpentine. Do this again and again until the stain is out. Lay in the sun to bleach out the last of the milk stain (as treated as grease stains).

HEALTH HINTS.
E. M.—You are not perspiring. The red is doubtless due to colorless some garment.

X. Y. Z.—Insurance companies and places where he has used tobacco because it is supposed that the tobacco habit is fixed as to call for such remedies may be bad signs.

NANCY.—To make auburn hair shade darker: Hydrochlorate of caroline, 5 grains; tincture of lobelia, 4 drops; spirit of rosemary, 1 ounce; yellow vaseline, 4 ounces; alcohol, 4 ounces. Rub in scalp thoroughly every night.

ALL—Eyebrows: Red vaseline, 1 ounce; tincture of caroline, 5 grains; oil of lavender, 15 drops; oil of rosemary, 1 drop. Thoroughly. Apply with tiny brush once a day until growth is sufficiently stimulated. These often rub with cold "store" tea.

THANK YOU.—Rubbing salt over furrowed tongue takes away the disagreeable feeling, but does not remove cause. The tongue, says Dr. Allen, is perfect index of the condition of the alimentary canal, and of the nutritive system in general, more so even than the pulse is an indication of the state of vitality in general. A coated tongue indicates deranged digestion, principally stomach or intestinal indigestion, or abnormal condition of the tongue as well as otherwise. As the condition of the tongue is only a symptom or indication, there is no occasion changing that condition in itself. The cure will be shown in the improvement of the digestion and condition of the tongue. (Bloodshot eyes caused by breaking of small vessels. The eyes do not bleed, but the blood has reached the healthy learning to manufacture workshop.

ALMA.—If judgment is given, a minor his employer may be garnished. MAXINE.—Son born in America and vote, regardless of his father's name of naturalization.

MISS E. M.—If interest is not paid on pawned property, pawnbroker may at at end of 60 days.

EASY.—Phone Health Department often as B. throws garbage and refuse in lot, or if he fails to regard official notice.

WESTLAKE.—For the information you want in regard to English law, try with Consul-General John L. Gifford.

NELI.—In Missouri if man and woman live together as man and wife, it is a "common-law" marriage. O. N. G.—If you need a new furniture and letter was not delivered, write Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C., giving all facts, with date.

CAROLINE.—Though husband has been gone 10 years, you should have divorce before marrying again, "withstanding that you have never heard from him."

HART.—In Missouri there is no such thing as a "common-law" marriage. To a church, school or mission. A person may be presented to the church as a member, who may do as he pleases.

MISCELLANEOUS.
G. G.—Anniversary 40, ruby. M.—We haven't all "BIB" back home.

W. P. E.—Phone dealers in railroad ties.

THANK YOU.—See play-writing department at this office.

CHARLES.—Park and Vandeventer's street car employment.

G. E. A.—"Seen" used with have is "saw you."

G. C. I.—Rockefeller, Tarrytown, N. Y. See the name on the card, Southern North Britain.

CURIOUS.—The "de" of Rio de Janeiro is often omitted and the common name is "Rio de Janeiro."

J. M.—For information as to home dogs and cats, try writing Miss L. A. Palm Beach.

PALM BEACH.—Some Palm Beach suits are a mixture of seaweed and wool. Others are made of wool and white and colored children.

LIFETIME CITIZEN.—In cases, according to distance, the duty of education for the first time by white and colored children.

UNANSWERED.—Highest June temperature, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461,

The Lost Button

By James Francis Dwyer.

SOMEONE has defined crime as a momentary victory of a hereditary craving over common sense. In the case of the two Gilligans, the same craving manifested itself in each man at the same moment. This was peculiar. The desire came from each of the brothers to possess the blood horses belonging to a neighbor, and common sense was routed in the struggle to suppress the craving.

The Gilligans got the horses, and, incidentally, the Sheriff got the Gilligans. A stern judge conducted the judicial inquiry, and, unable to see that the brothers were victims of a craving, handed them down from a horse-loving ancestor, he sent them to Enola penitentiary for seven years.

This was unfortunate. The younger Gilligan was consumptive and Enola's "Little Hell" was not an ideal health resort. Three months after sentence the boy was sent to the jail hospital, and he became firmly imbued with the feeling that he would not recover his health.

The sentence had smashed up the last ounce of vitality that was holding the fight against the disease, and the prisoner was sinking rapidly.

Now, prisoners in jail hospital receive no tobacco. Whether the prison medicine believes that the brand supplied to the inmates is a compound that can only be safely consumed by the physically strong is not known, but the weekly supply allowed to a prisoner on the "works" is immediately cut off if he is taken to the hospital. The death of tobacco affected the consumptive Gilligan. He craved a "chew," and in desperation he acquainted the brother of his craving by what is in jail parlance known as a "stiff." With a pin the sick man scratched his wants on the back of a hymn book, and in the time the pitiful note, after passing through the hands of a dozen prisoners, reached the healthy brother, who was learning to manufacture boots in the prison workshop.

The elder Gilligan had deep pools of resentment beneath a rough exterior. Furthermore, he took no heed of consequences. He pictured the sick brother, waiting tobaccoless in the dreary hospital, and a tremendous sick of relief when he became certain that the warder in charge of the squad had not noticed the action. The elder Gilligan was not afraid of any punishment that might fall upon himself, for he would be taken away from the sick youth who craved the delicacy.

But Nemesis was galloping on the heels of the two Gilligans. Warder Bulstrode, blind and stupid, he groped the south tower, saw the movement, and Bulstrode was a conscientious officer. Five minutes after the younger brother was stripped of the miserable gift, and the silver was dragged before the blind and stupid, he groped the south tower, saw the movement, and Bulstrode was a conscientious officer.

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An Eerie Tale of a Convict Who Goes Mad in His Darkened Cell.

By James Francis Dwyer.

On every other occasion when he had tossed up the button he had heard it fall distinctly, but he was certain that there was not the slightest sound after the last toss. Still, he would search. The hot hands crept over the stoneware floor. The desire came from each of the brothers to possess the blood horses belonging to a neighbor, and common sense was routed in the struggle to suppress the craving.

The Gilligans got the horses, and, incidentally, the Sheriff got the Gilligans. A stern judge conducted the judicial inquiry, and, unable to see that the brothers were victims of a craving, handed them down from a horse-loving ancestor, he sent them to Enola penitentiary for seven years.

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Why Miss Florence Hayward Has a Place in the "Who's-Who" Book

Marguerite Martyn Tells of St. Louis' Woman Diplomat Who Hobnobbed With Royalty While She Was Abroad Obtaining Exhibits for the Great Fair Here in 1904.

By Marguerite Martyn.

THE stories of Miss Florence Hayward's diplomatic triumph abroad were eagerly followed by the reading public during her World's Fair commission, and the representation she gave us at foreign courts and embassies was a never-ending source of pride to St. Louisans.

The honors conferred upon her not alone by the Exposition directors, but by heads of foreign governments, participated in recognizing her distinguished service, would seem to leave little to be added to her fame.

As a matter of fact all that has been printed is like the list of her achievements catalogued in "Who's Who in America," but an outer shell of the mine of Miss Hayward's resourcefulness never yet tapped in vain.

If only I could get her to tell the inside story of just how she maneuvered and manipulated high-and-mightinesses to her own sweet liking, I might have something new to write.

And this I besought her to do when I ran in upon her one morning last week. I knew that many interesting stories of her experiences are reserved for her intimate friends. The telling of them with a wonderful fund of wit and gift of mimicry, makes her a much sought dinner guest.

I found her as one might have supposed, overwhelmed with domesticity, she having remained at home to supervise the redecoration of her home, 4337 McPherson avenue, while the rest of the family is summer resorting.

There Are Some Stories That Cannot Be Told

THE inside story of how she obtained the Vatican exhibit and the story behind King Edward's loan of the Queen's Jubilee presents were forthcoming willingly enough. But those intimate observations and descriptions of personalities all over the world encountered in the difficult task to dare even whisper in print!

"I am proud of being an American here at home," said Miss Hayward. "But in my travels abroad I have come to believe we make two classes for export only. And I don't want to belong to either of them."

"In the first class are those who trample over traditions sacred to nations of other lands, who make light of and belittle all things not American and who do so in a loud tone of voice so as not to spare the feelings of any one foreign to them, no matter how inoffensive or unobtrusive."

"The other class is composed of those servile worshippers of anything labeled nobility, insatiable seekers after contact with persons of title, with titles of nobility, and in a manner which they think they get home."

"I cannot tell many of the highly interesting observations I made among persons of rank and distinction without fear of being accused of this latter type. And I can't tell some of the amusing experiences which appealed to my bump of humor without fearing to be cast among my first classification."

"Some day," she added ruminatively, "when certain lights now bright in the firmament of fame have grown dim and when there is no longer the danger of offending any one's sensibilities—I am going to write my memories—not my memoirs, for I shall not write about myself—but my memories of a lot of famous folk."

In her gift of diplomacy, Miss Hayward cannot trust herself to deal in personalities. I'd better not try to recall the bits of anecdote in prominence the first names of persons of prominence just naturally would slip in.

Her mission brought her into contact with officials high in the confidence of their country, and some of them seemed to appreciate the opportunity of being able to confide in a woman in whom they had placed so much confidence.

She hobnobbed with Kings and courtiers. Her literary attainments, and acquaintance with noted opera stars drew her into a brilliant artistic circle. But no avenue of life was closed to her inquiring mind, and she is as conversant with the dialect of the costermonger as with Court French.

Her book will be worth waiting for.

She Makes Bundle Boy of Alexander of Teck

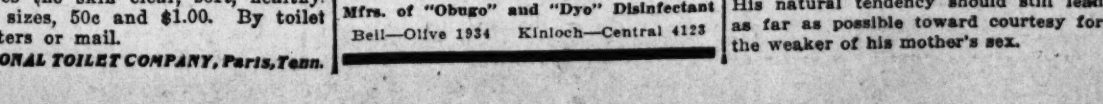
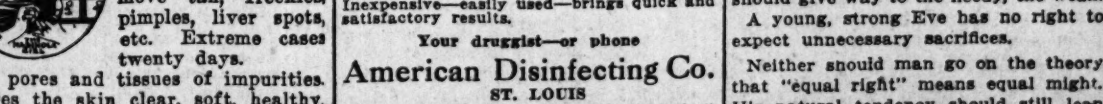
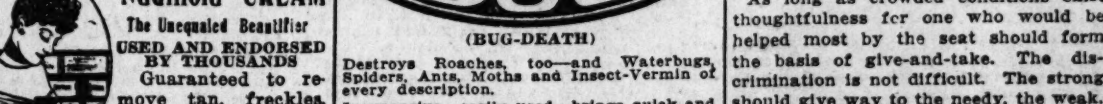
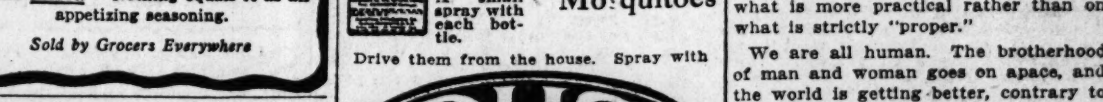
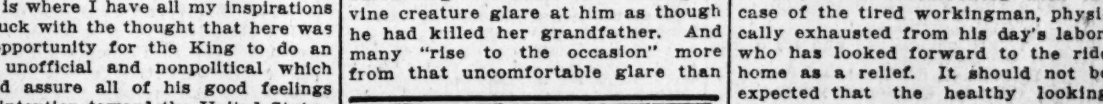
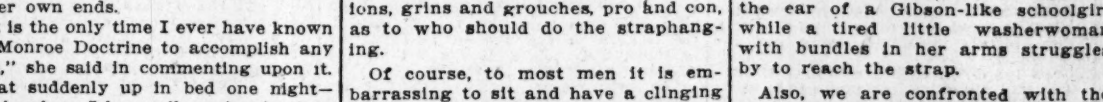
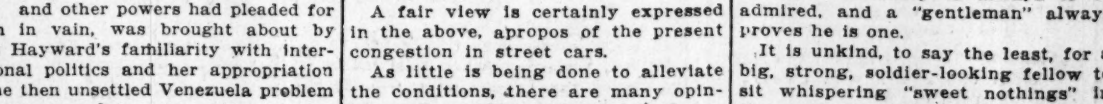
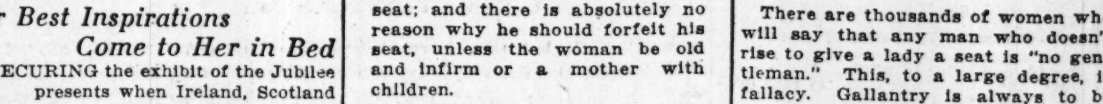
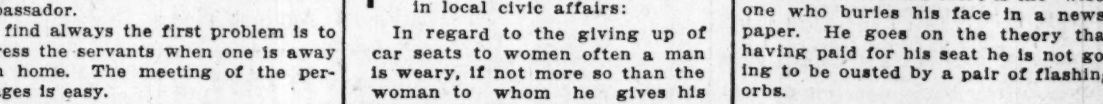
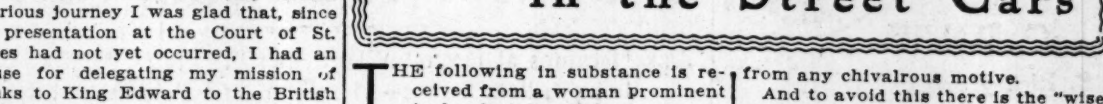
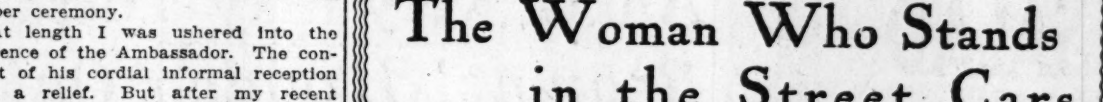
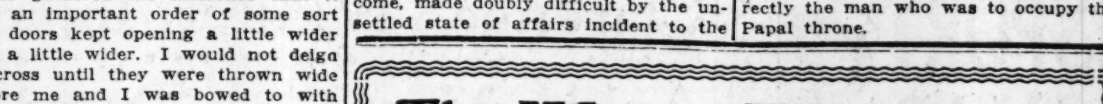
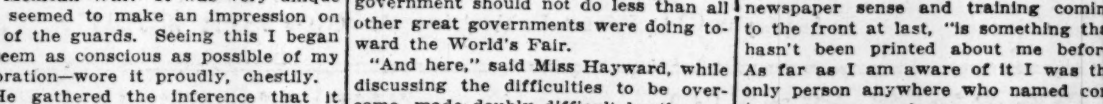
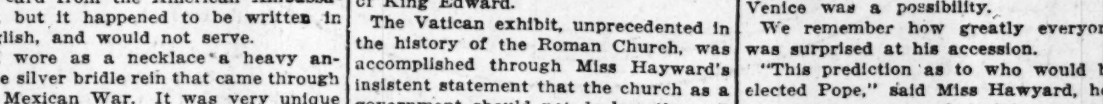
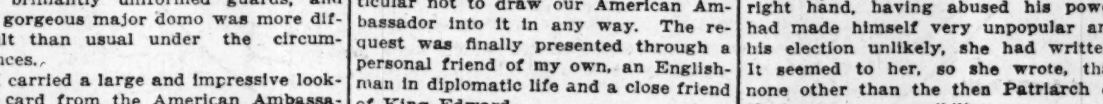
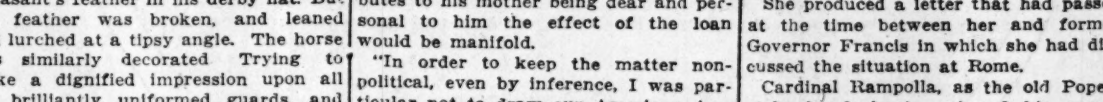
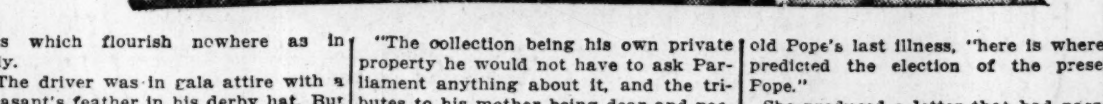
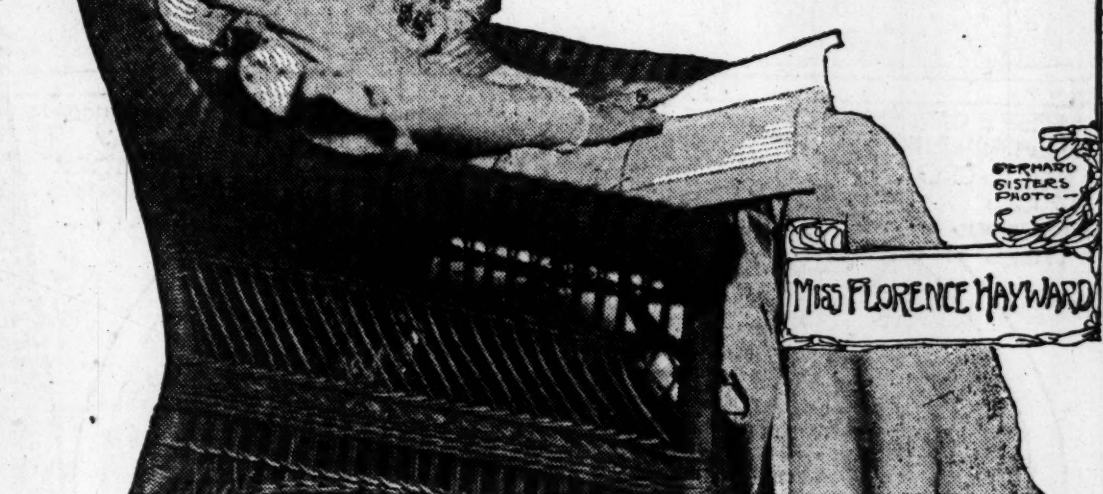
DO wish she would let me tell the story of how she once innocently (so she says), made a bundle boy out of Alexander of Teck, Queen Mary's son, brother of the present King.

It would surprise you to know that she would be less likely to call down Queen Mary's fearful wrath upon us than just the bare statement of fact outside its context.

"One thing I don't mind telling you, and which, I doubt, your own experience has taught you," said Miss Hayward, "is that the higher the rank of the person I had to interview, the simpler and easier of approach that person."

"When I went to the English Embassy at Rome upon the memorable occasion of King Edward's visit there, to thank him for his recent appointment of the Prince of Wales head of the English commission to the Louvre Purchase Exposition, was a point in fact."

"The streets were thronged with people. There seemed no way of getting across the city until I chanced upon one of those log-sided, three-legged equip-



Freddie Rides With the Witch

By Mrs. F. A. Walker.

FREDDIE's nurse used to tell him stories about the fairies and the goblins and witches, and, while Freddie was always glad to listen to a fairy story, sometimes he was afraid after nurse left him alone in the dark that a witch might come and carry him off.

ATCH. 17

**RHODES SCHOLARS TO
BE CHOSEN EACH YEAR**
New System Adopted to Insure
New Contingent of American
Students Annually

LONDON, July 6.—With the object of giving to Oxford University a new contingent of American students every year the Rhodes trustees today announced a change in the method of electing scholars. Instead of choosing from the 48 states in two consecutive years and

The sixteen states to be omitted at the 1916 examinations are Arizona, Delaware, Florida, Idaho, Louisiana, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

From these states scholars will be selected in 1917, when another 18 states will be omitted.

Mike Gray, 53 years old, of 1416 North Tenth street, died Sunday afternoon at the City Hospital from phenol poisoning. He was found Saturday unconscious at Tenth street and Franklin avenue. He regained consciousness for a short while Sunday, but was un-

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William V. Hammond	1710 N. Sarah
Lucretia H. Hattenhof	4000 Cottage
Clayton F. Miller	4328 Washington
Hope R. Goodson	5117A Wells
Wm. Cartwright	4100 Manchester
Mrs. Maggie Patterson	1318 Tower Grove

1201 A. A. Vytso	1420 N. Lehigh
Anna S. Syvarto	5108 Eastwood
Chas. D. Thompson	Kansas City, Mo.
Mrs. Anna B. Bradford	Kansas City, Mo.
Chas. Reichenbach	1312 E. 9th
Anna Steiner	777 Michigan
Edmund W. Joern	5650 Theodora
Emma M. C. Joern	5650 Theodora
Alexander Cholnacki	1452 N. 7th
Anna Stepankowska	1310 N. 7th
Isabella Stepankowska	

W	Walter Sires	1829	19th
W	Kate Liscate	1829	18th
W	Hugo J. Lelendecker	2247	McNair
B	Bertha	912	Russell
P	Philip H. Bearkan	1824	O'Fallon
F	Fanny Moscovitz	1418	N. 10th
A	Andrew Fawcett Jr.	4146	Harrison
O	Orietta Baucus	5719A	Etsel
J	Jacob Groth	3352	La Salle
K	Katherine Lyden	2734	Ruiter

h	Anna Ruesch	215	President
h	Warren P. Kelley	1016	Victor
h	Marie Stuart	2759	Geyer
h	William L. Story		Joplin, Mo
h	Mrs. Alston Brenner		Peoria, Ill
h	Lee R. Kelsay		Peoria, Ill
h	Nellie Neilson	Kansas	City, Mo
h	Colin Stewart	Kansas	City, Mo
h	Fanny E. Froese	4041	Scanlan
h	Paul Thibault	3854	Hartford

Bertha Beckley	8108 Minnesota
Earl P. Crandall	3314 Pennay/Van
Ozzetta Gibson	1412 Olive
Leland W. Skaggs	2819 N. 12th
Anna K. Goetz	Union City, Tenn
Geo. W. Montague	1422 Virginia
Lelia E. Batson	Louisville, Ky
Joseph A. Zentius	New Orleans, La
Mrs. Josephine M. Allara	3012 Lucas
Everett McGinnis	3012 Lucas

Leouise Anderson	424 St. Ferdinand
Jesse Krupinski	1216 N. 9th
Mila Oia Farnburg	1216 N. 9th
Arthur F. G. Sell	Marshall, Mo
Caila B. Odell	Marshall, Mo
Frans Wildinger	319 Souldar
Helena Bajlar	319 Souldar
Thos. D. Cooper	Flat River, Mo
Mrs. Alice Boyd	Flat River, Mo
Thos. A. B. Boyd	Flat River, Mo

Phyllis L. LeMay	2500 Washington
Marlin W. Wornor	2500 Washington
Phil Heyder Marien, Ill.
Beattie Whitlock E. St. Louis, Ill.
Gustave H. Martens	2551 Washington
Lee Bricht	Huntsville, Mo.
Louis Schmiedes	2595 Lodi
Essie Poesie	7123 Vermont
Guy L. Bord W. Omaha, Pa.
Edna L. Harpel Bensenville, Ill.
John W. Foltz

Rose Lenhard	1620 Lafayette
John McGrath Jr	4900 Leelanau
Rose Ratigan	3306 Madison
Paul Chanoit	709A Bayard
Lola Bine	709A Bayard

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BIRTHS RECORDED.

G. and E. Reinhardt, 3328 Landowas; boy.
J. and A. Zengel, 4421 Elmbank; boy.
A. and M. Tregent, 4590A Cote Brillante;
boy.
A. and I. Lew, 3328 Vista; boy.
G. and V. Drankie, 1216 Monroe; boy.
J. and J. Roady, 3701 Arkansas; boy.
H. and E. Lee, 3903 Tracy; boy.
C. and E. Milker, 5906 Florissant; boy.

E. and A. Braun, 313 1/2 E. Main, 1929;
E. and A. Braun, 143 E. Linton, boy.
E. and C. Howard, 8509 Leaton, boy.
F. and I. de Bray, 500 Wilmington rd.; boy.
J. and A. Friedman, 1504 Cass; boy.
O. and M. Otto, 2620A S. 13th; boy.
J. and A. Little, 5688A Elzel; boy.
A. and V. Koenig, 8067A Keokuk; boy.
A. and A. Campbell, 2220 E. 13th;
N. and R. Auer, 1824 N. 23d; boy.
P. and E. Schneider, 4128 N. Broadway
boy.

E. and C. Childers, 5331 Lindell; boy.
M. and E. Rayot, 1321 R. Compton; boy.
A. and V. Meier, 2024 S. 3d; boy.
W. and C. Roush, 1133 S. 3d; boy.
R. and M. Stendler, 4926 Tyrone; boy.
M. and W. Murray, 587 Chouteau; boy.
J. and S. Mannour, 738 S. 4th; boy.
G. and E. Elias, 727 S. 4th; boy.
J. & R. Buck, 2925 Caroline; girl.
A. and M. Meyer, 2701 Osceola; girl.
J. and S. Murray, 5800 S. 3d; girl.
H. and E. Hahn, 1010 S. 3d; girl.

M. and C. Vain. 907 Lami; girl.
B. and E. Zagar. 2446 S. 6d; girl.
G. and M. Miller. 1806 Sempie; girl.
P. and K. Rexroth. 2641 Shenandoah; girl.
W. and E. Stockamp. 1206 McNair; girl.
J. and G. Radabaugh. 6136 Grand; girl.
A. Ragan. 2133 Gano; girl.
W. and M. Breglia. 2625 Spring; girl.
C. and N. Meisinger. 2736A Hickory; girl.
A. and P. Bernhard. 1426 Goodfellow; girl.
E. and A. Temple. 6207 S. Broadway; girl.

H. Shd A. Kelley, 1102 N. King's Highway;
girl.
A. and D. Adams, 520 Bates; girl.
A. and M. Konopka, 918A O'Fallon; girl.
J. and C. Malloy, 2864 Terry; girl.
J. and L. Joseph, 1220 Victor; girl.
A. and A. Byrns, 4010A Newstead; girl.

◆

BURIAL PERMITS

Bertha Feldbusch, 54, 6340 Maple; nephritis.
Mrs. J. Shlomo, 78, 4310A

Anna Salomon, 65, 612 S. 3d; cystitis.
 Julia Tonenbeehm, 13, 6040 Idaho; nephritis.
 Richard Smith, 71, 1046 Park; sclerosis.
 J. G. Heest, 65, 1921A Marcus; apoplexy.
 Augusta Meyer, 5, 4393 Blair; pneumonia.
 Ella S. Warnatzsch, 27, 2306 University;
 pneumonia.
 G. Kanfmutter, 49, 913 S. 7th; typhoid.
 Louise Kauffmann, 73, 3501 Oakhill; dis-
 tention.
 Ella Black, 56, 3326 Vieta; nephritis.

Mary Dinselbach, 77, 3328A Illinois; cirrhosis.
 Flora Looselack, 57, 4362 Miami; necrosis.
 Russelma Sabuto, 5, 1322 N. 10th; scarlet
 fever.
 Ada K. Tucker, 60, 2200 Locust; cysts.
 Thomas McNally, 74, 4526 Lindell; heart
 disease.
 G. Kapellos, 30, 607 N. Grand; accident.
 S. M. Bailey, 30, 4966 Easton; accident.
 P. Weber, 60, 2711 Blair; sclerosis.
 W. Rutherford, 30, 923 Morgan; heart dis-

L. Wellman, 53, 5100 North Market; tabes.
 R. Q. Dickinson, 87, 4286 Delmar; paralysis.

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